

AUSTRALIA MINERALS

REALISE THE OPPORTUNITY

[HiSeis: see your Earth more clearly:](#) Mr Damien Kenworthy, HiSeis Pty Ltd

[Explore SA: The Gawler Challenge:](#) The Hon. Dan van Holst Pellekaan MP, Minister for Energy and Mining, South Australia

[Ensuring your downhole data is future-proofed for incorporation in machine learning algorithms:](#) Dr Shawn Collins, Wireline Services Group

[MinEx CRC: improving exploration methods through research collaboration:](#) Dr David Giles, MinEx CRC

[Using A.I. to classify lithology: navigating through the propaganda to identify opportunities in your image data:](#) Ms Sam Scher, Corescan

[The world's best pre-competitive data:](#) Dr Richard Blewett, Geoscience Australia

[Resource stewardship for a high-tech future:](#) Mr Michael Wright, NSW Department of Planning, Industry and Environment



SEE YOUR EARTH MORE CLEARLY

03/03/2020

TOP

Evolution of HiSeis

RESOURCES

Seismic

- Fundamental technique for O&G
- High **resolution**
- Great **depth** of penetration

Innovation & Funding₂₀₀₆

- Curtin project to **solve** seismic problems
- Financial **support** from WA government

Success

- Educate the **benefits** & results
- **Success** around the world



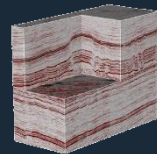
Multi-client₂₀₁₈

- **Proven** model from O&G
- **Ready** to take to minerals industry

Why not minerals?

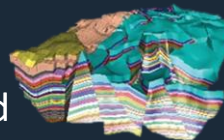
OIL & GAS:

- **Simple** geology
- Proven success



MINERALS:

- **Complex** geology
- Innovation required



HiSeis₂₀₀₉



- Curtin **research** IP commercialization
- **Integrated** service: design to interpretation



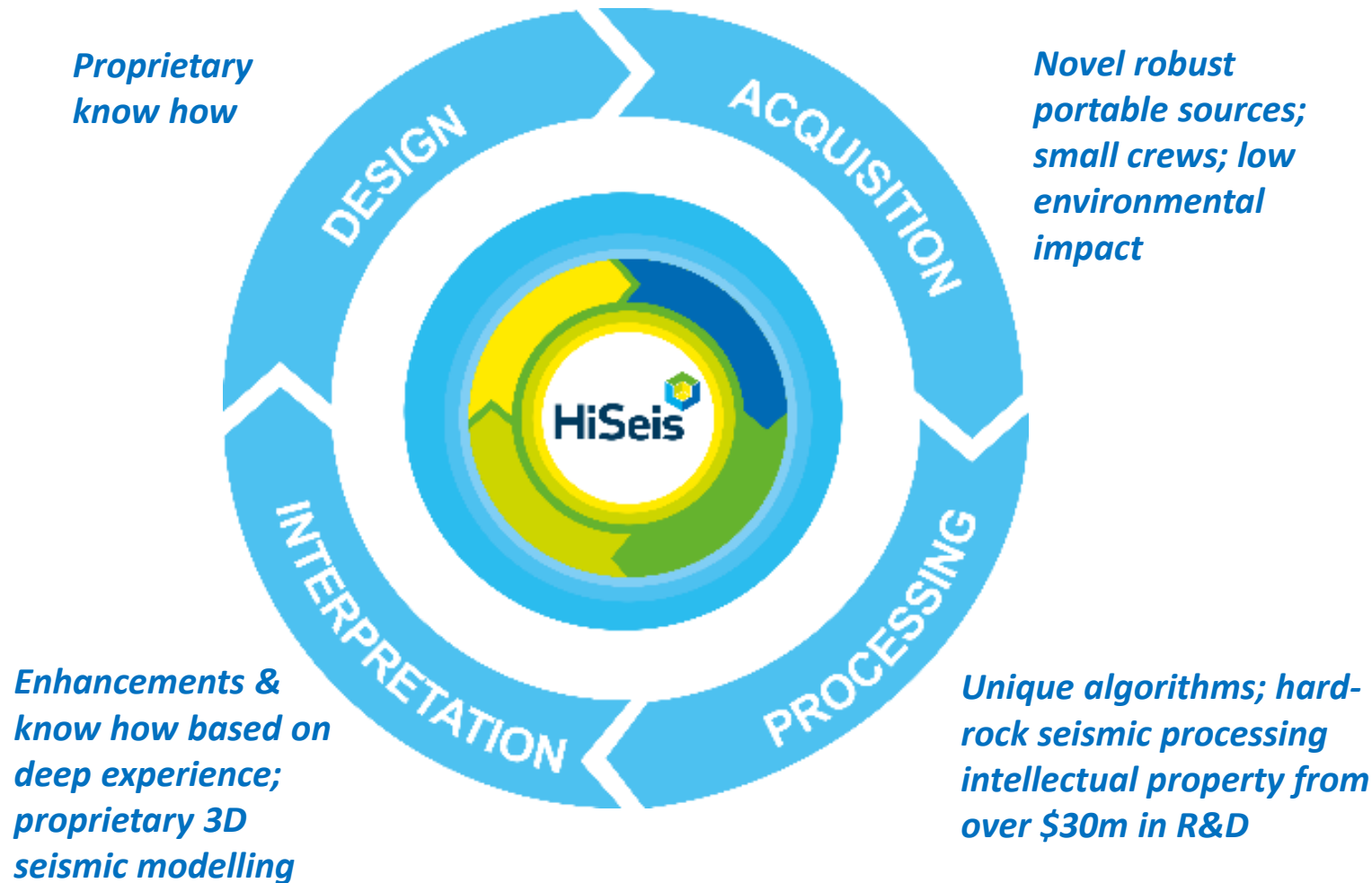
Curtin University

Investment₂₀₁₈

- New **investment** from the mining industry
- Curtin remains as a significant shareholder



HiSeis Business Model

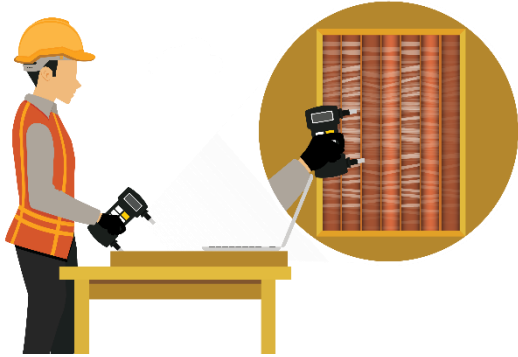


- HiSeis is a **geology “problem solver”** not a seismic data acquisition contractor.
- Provide full turnkey solution.
- Integrated service offering & methodology that focuses on optimising all key areas of seismic surveying.
- HiSeis **Seismic De-risking Process** reduces **technical & commercial risk** associated with the application of modern seismic to mining problems.

HiSeis De-risks Every Seismic Program

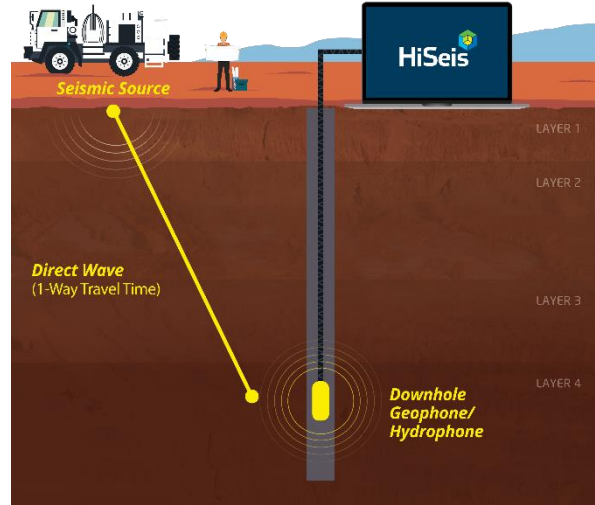
Investigate

Seismic Response - rock properties and synthetic modelling



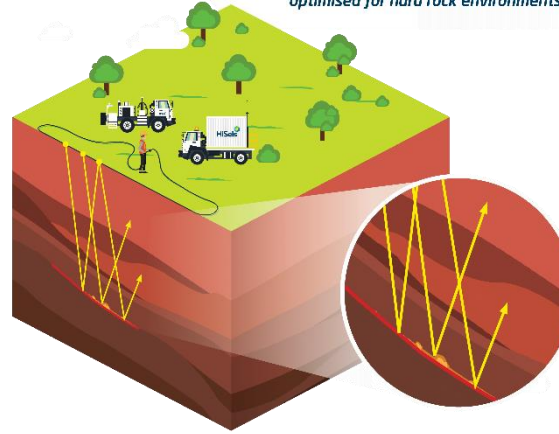
Optimise

2D & down hole seismic processing, interpretation



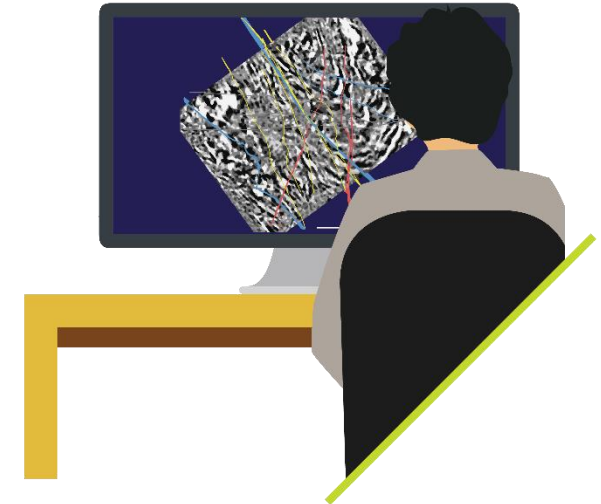
Acquisition

2D & 3D design and data acquisition optimised for hard rock environments



Visualise

Renewed geological understanding, target generation. 3D high resolution imaging and interpretation



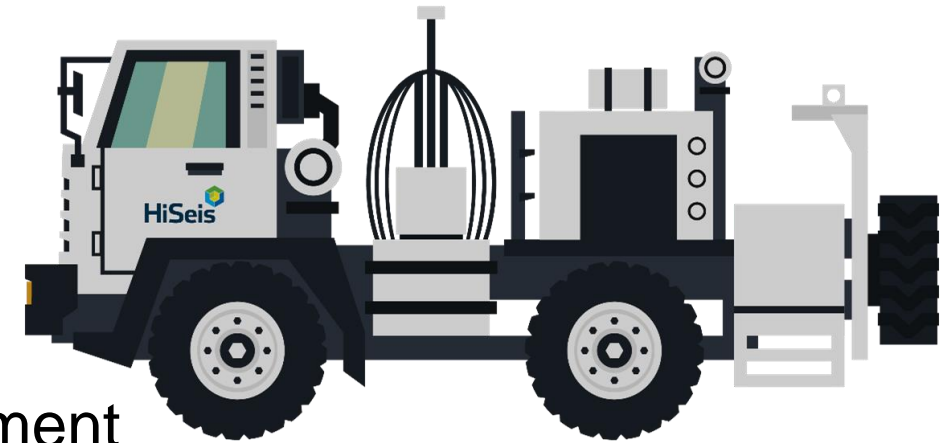
HiSeis Minerals Seismic Experience



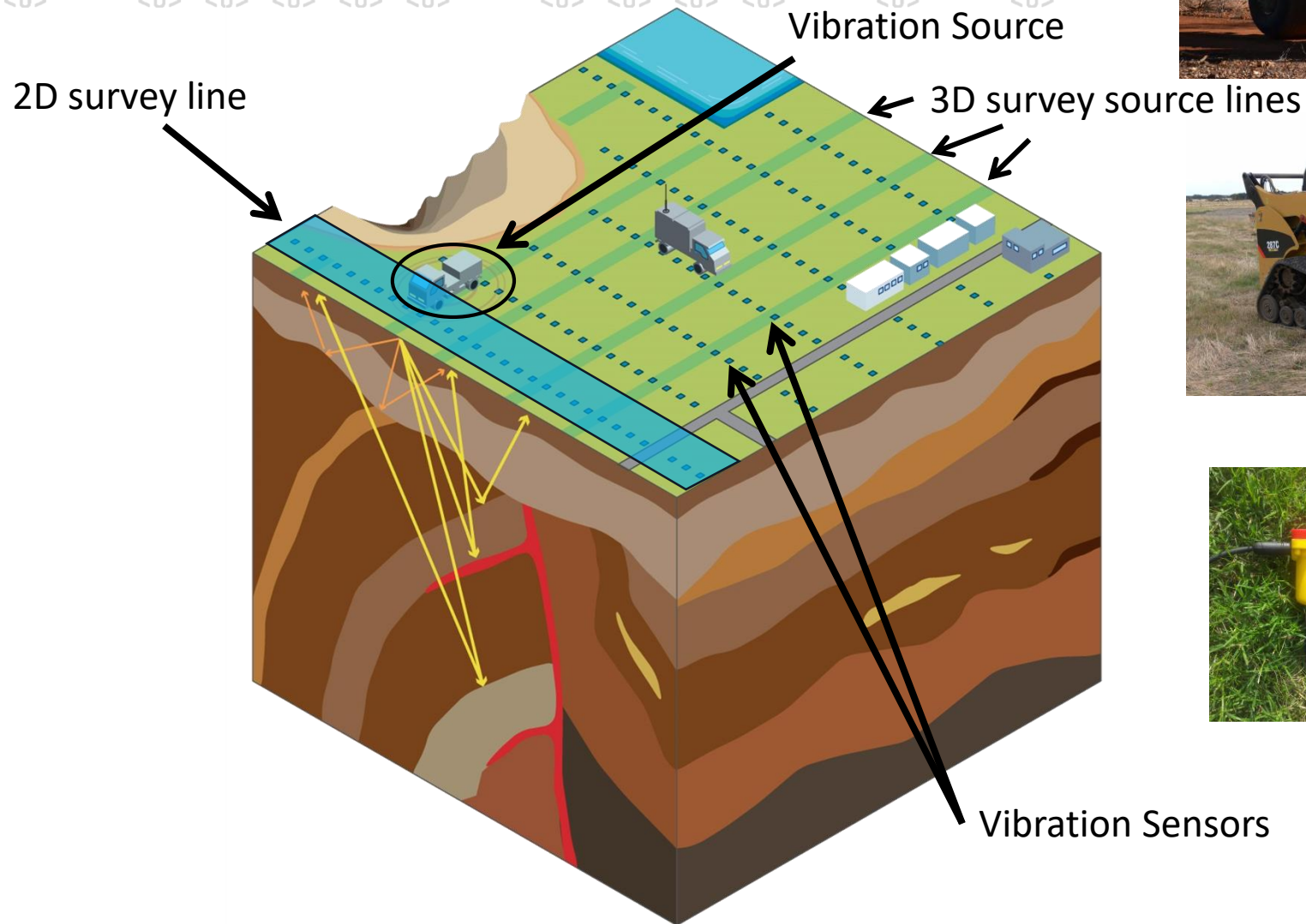
HiSeis has completed over 80 x 2D and 3D minerals seismic surveys globally... for the precious metals, industrial metals, bulk commodity & battery metal industries.

Why Seismic

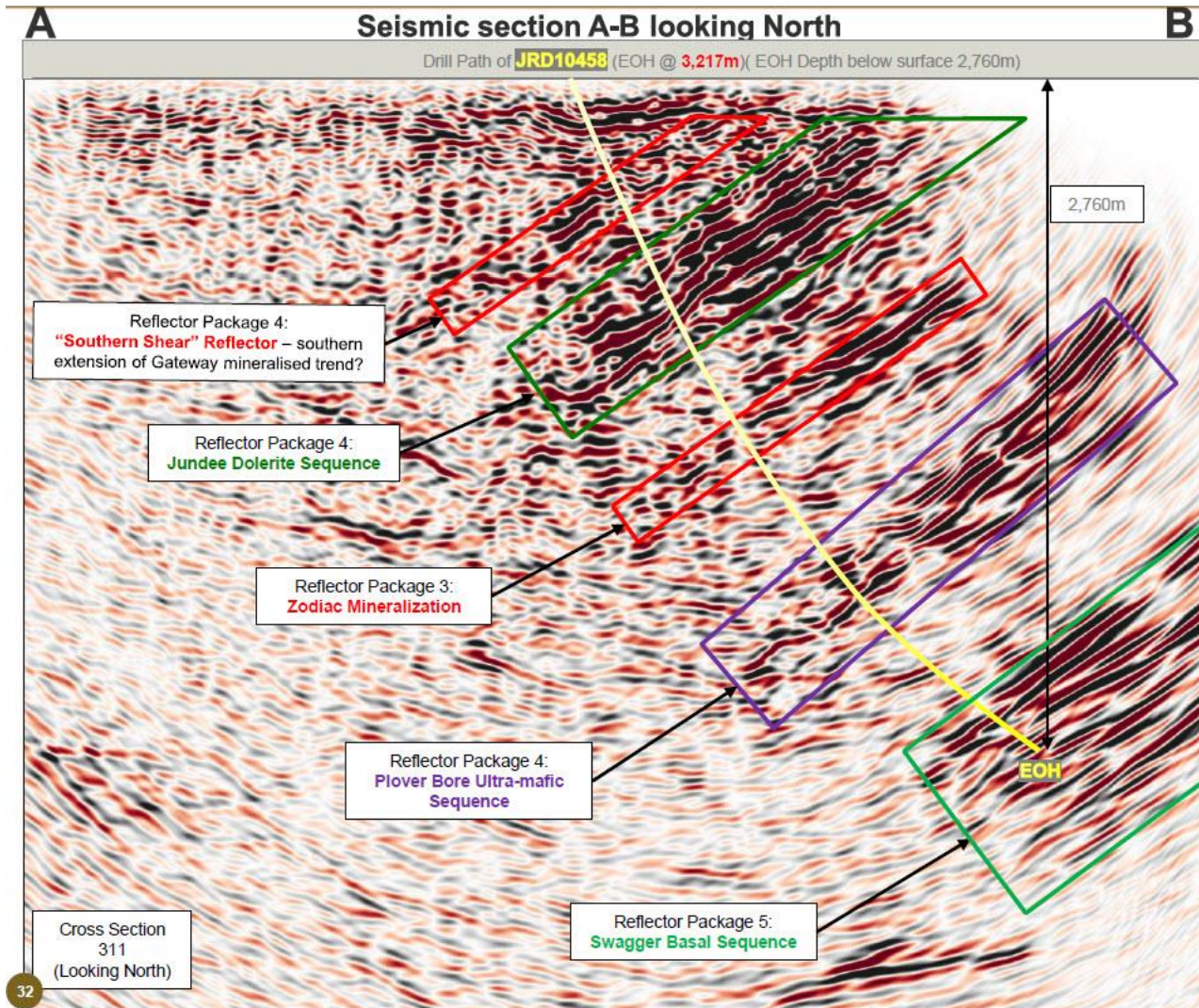
- Can investigate to large depths
- High resolution & maintains resolution at depth
- Faster screening around initial discovery
- Better conceptual understanding of geology and mineralisation:
 - Drill target generation
 - Optimise infrastructure capacity and placement
 - More cost effective brownfields exploration
 - Basement & regional architecture for greenfields
- Improved mapping of structures for mine planning and safety
- Continuous mapping of rock moduli to assist blasting and processing
- Sensitivity, resolution, depth of penetration >> gravity, magnetics, EM, IP



Survey Layout



Northern Star – Jundee Gold Mine, Western Australia



Northern Star announced the Zodiac discovery of a HiSeis 3D Seismic Survey in August 2017.

*NSR ASX announcement
5 August 2017*

Northern Star drilled one of the deepest holes in Australian gold history; this hole targeted two additional seismic reflectors below Zodiac, which has already returned grades up to 765gpt. Final drill hole length was +3,200m.

*NSR ASX announcement
20 February 2018*

Summary

- Resolution orders magnitude better than conventional geophysical techniques
- Potential to map structures and geologic complexity to depths > 2km
- Potential to compress timeframe and cost of discovery
- Seismic is a viable exploration tool, imaging the space between drill holes

*Drill deeper with confidence, fast track discovery
and grow resources!*



“The information seismic surveying give us is unparalleled technically in my view, let alone providing, on a bang-for-buck cost basis, a very, very good data set for the money that you spend”

“With the first drill hole into the 3D seismic data set we made a new discovery - the very first hole - and we've now drilled eight holes into it and we haven't missed it in a single hole”

Miningnews.net 24 Aug 17, Bill Beament (Exec Chairman - Northern Star).



HiSeis

THANK YOU

hiseis.com



EXPLORESA

GAWLER CHALLENGE

JOURNEY TO DISCOVERY WITH DATA
2 MARCH – 31 JULY 2020

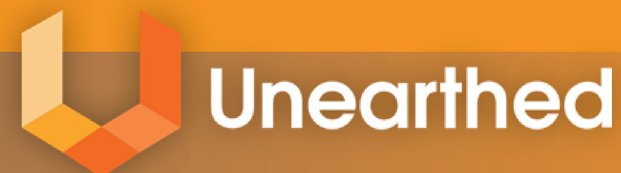
**+ A\$250,000
PRIZE POOL**

**+ RECOGNITION
FOR WHAT YOU FIND**

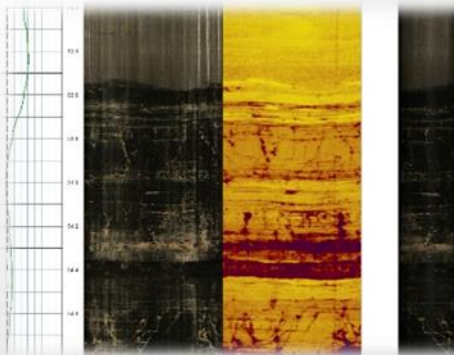
**+ JOIN AN EPIC
GLOBAL CHALLENGE**

ENTER NOW: energymining.sa.gov.au/exploresa

A Government of South Australia initiative in partnership with



TOP



Ensuring your downhole data is future-proofed for incorporation into machine learning algorithms

Shawn Collins, Ph.D., P.Geo. – General Manager Canada

Phil Hawke, Ph.D. – Chief Geophysicist

March 2020

- Introduction
- What is AI
- Data for machine learning “the training set”
- Borehole data examples
- Conclusion





Who we are – Core Values & Behaviour

Our Core Values and Behaviour guide our direction and everyday actions.

Behaviours

- ✓ Respect
- ✓ Clarity
- ✓ Accountability
- ✓ Collaboration
- ✓ Courage
- ✓ Passion
- ✓ Innovation
- ✓ Fun



Core Values

What is Artificial Intelligence?



“A broad area of computer science that makes machines seem like they have human intelligence”

Narrow AI (NAI) –
Programmed to perform a
single task

Artificial General
Intelligence (AGI) –
Machines that exhibit
human intelligence

Artificial Superintelligence
(ASI) – Machines are more
capable than humans

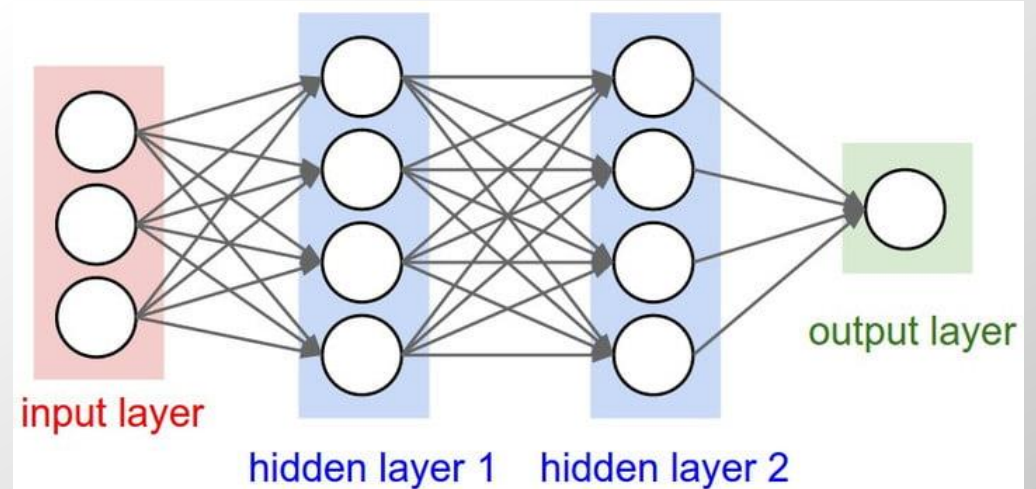
Narrow AI is where we are at currently

How do we accomplish the goal of NAI?

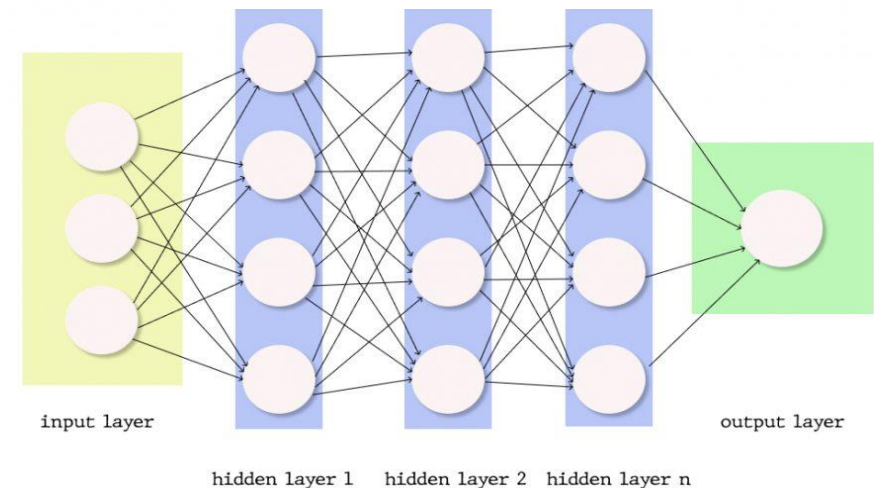
Depends on when you asked the question!

- Neural Networks
- Machine Learning
- Deep Learning

Neural Networks



Deep Learning



NAI – Accomplished with the use of Machine Learning

Things to consider for NAI –ML to be successful:

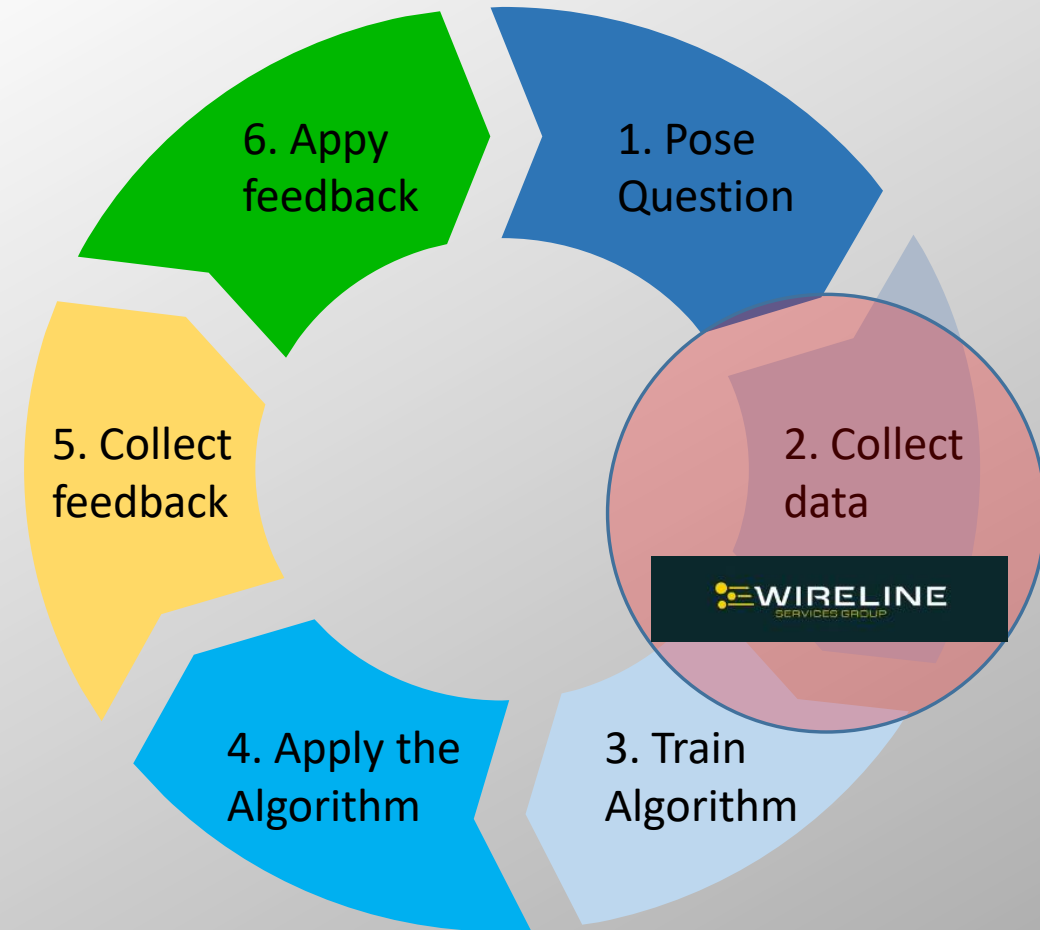
- 1) Is there a clear pattern in the data?
- 2) Is there data available to characterize this pattern?
- 3) Can the behaviour be described by a mathematical expression?

If those criterial are met we can apply ML in more geological terms:

Supervised Learning,

Unsupervised learning,

Semisupervised learning



The Hunt for Your Algorithm



Start the process by asking a question. Usually this involves prior knowledge of a system that has the desired outcome. This data is known as the **Training Data**.

Training data is used to determine the algorithm used to answer the question posed in step 1.

This process is only as good as the data you use to make your training set.

Many datasets available but I am only going to illustrate my point with borehole geophysics.

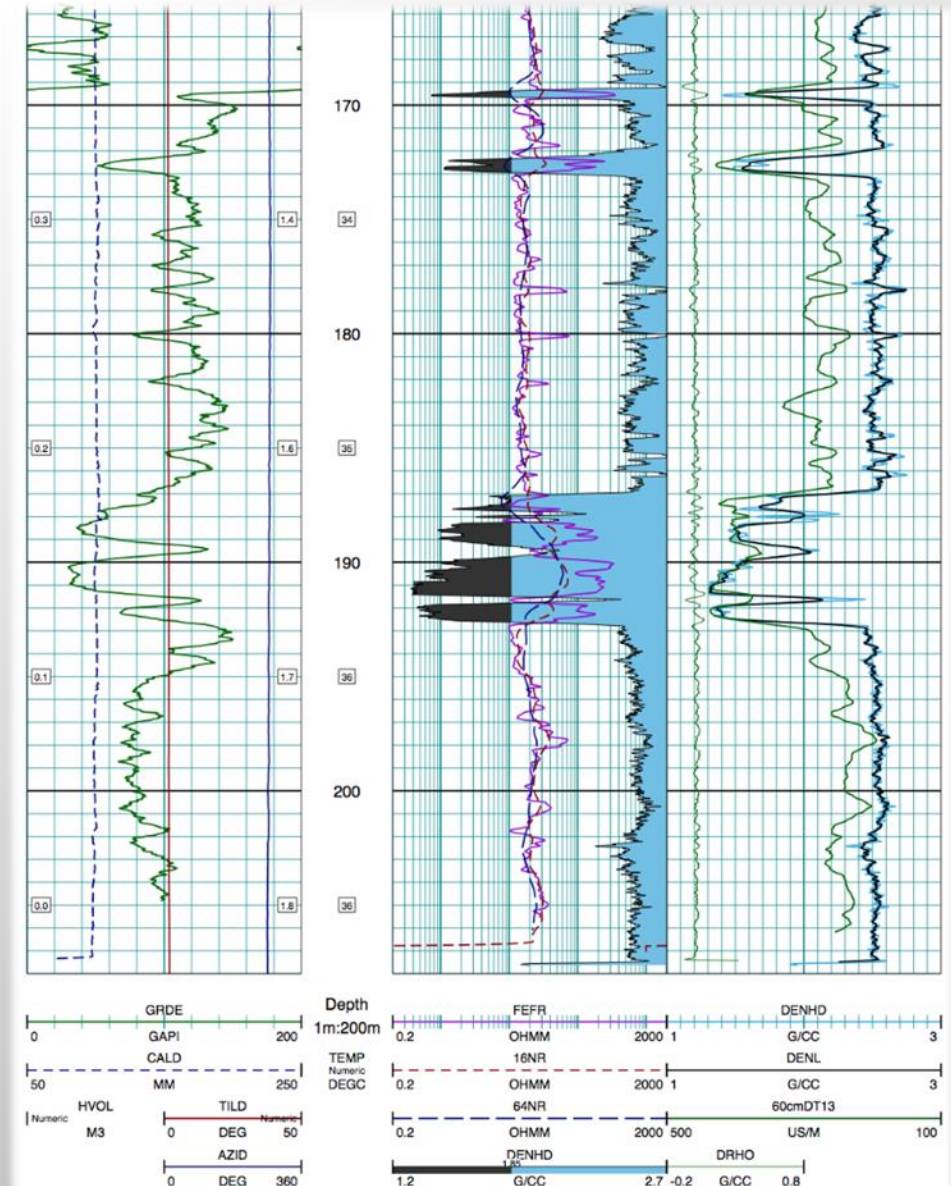


Physical Properties Logging – Ore Body Knowledge

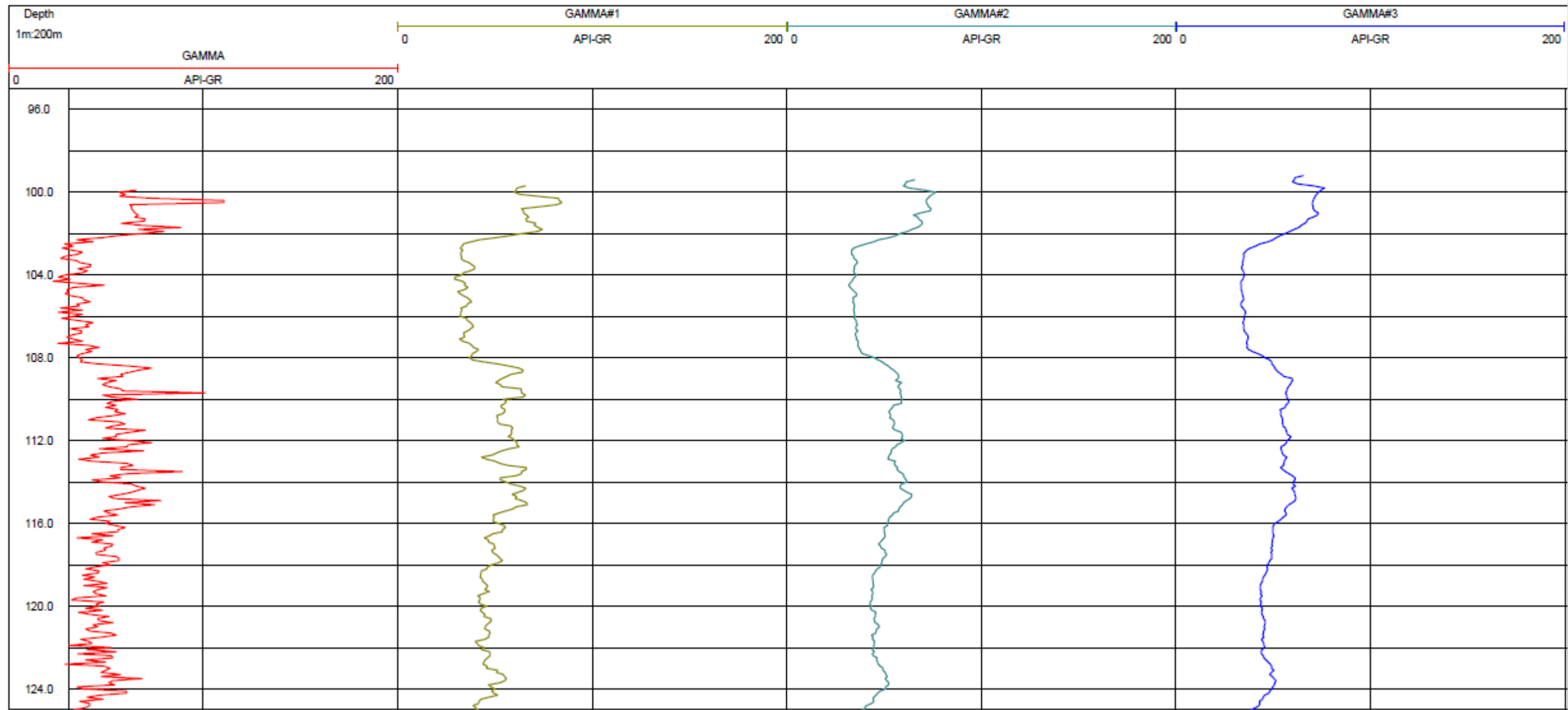
Records physical measurements of the lithology.

Characterize rock properties in increase ore body knowledge through:

- Radiometric – gross and spectral
- Resistivity and Conductivity
- Magnetic Susceptibility
- Acoustic Velocity
- Density



But which log is the correct one?

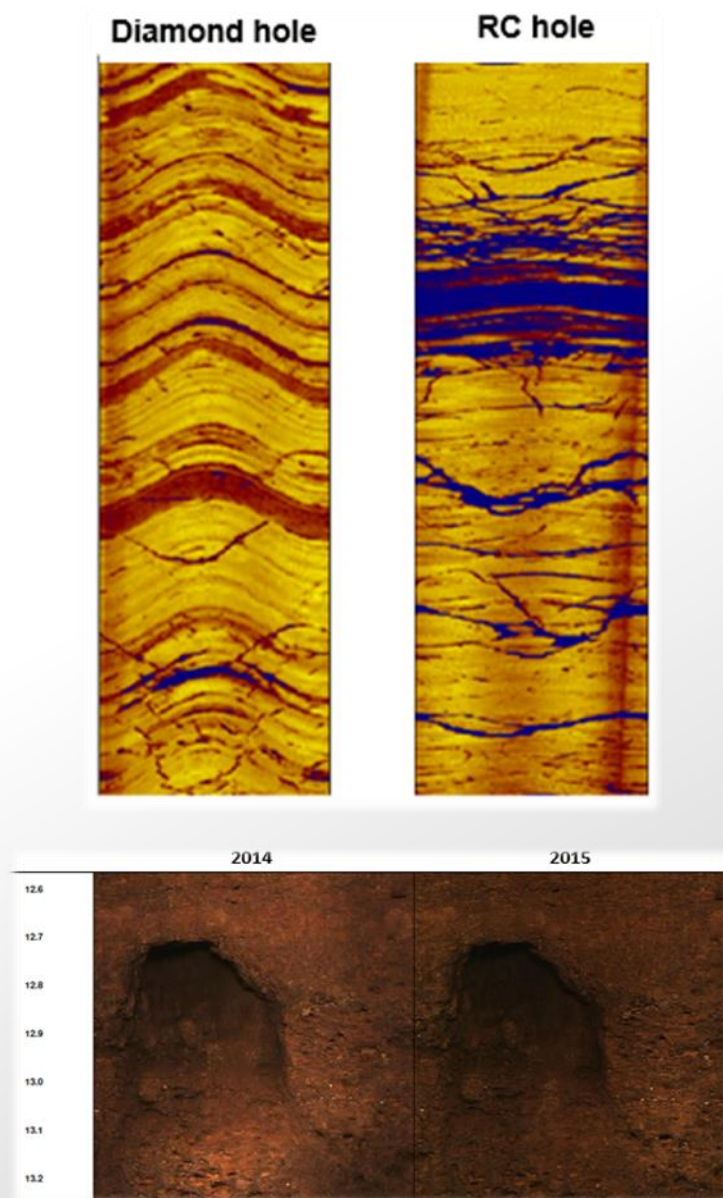


Physical Property Variables to Consider

1. Calibrations
2. Measurement Units
3. Tool specifications
4. Processing steps
5. Do you have enough data to answer the relevant questions
 - Data sparsity
 - Data corruption
6. Era of data collection



Orientation & Identification of Structure



- Measures veins, bedding and fractures.
- Assist in geotechnical and structural analysis.
- In diamond, sonic or percussion drill holes.
- Optical and Acoustic Televiewer.

Holistic Plan for Data from Collection - AI

THE DATA SCIENCE **HIERARCHY OF NEEDS**

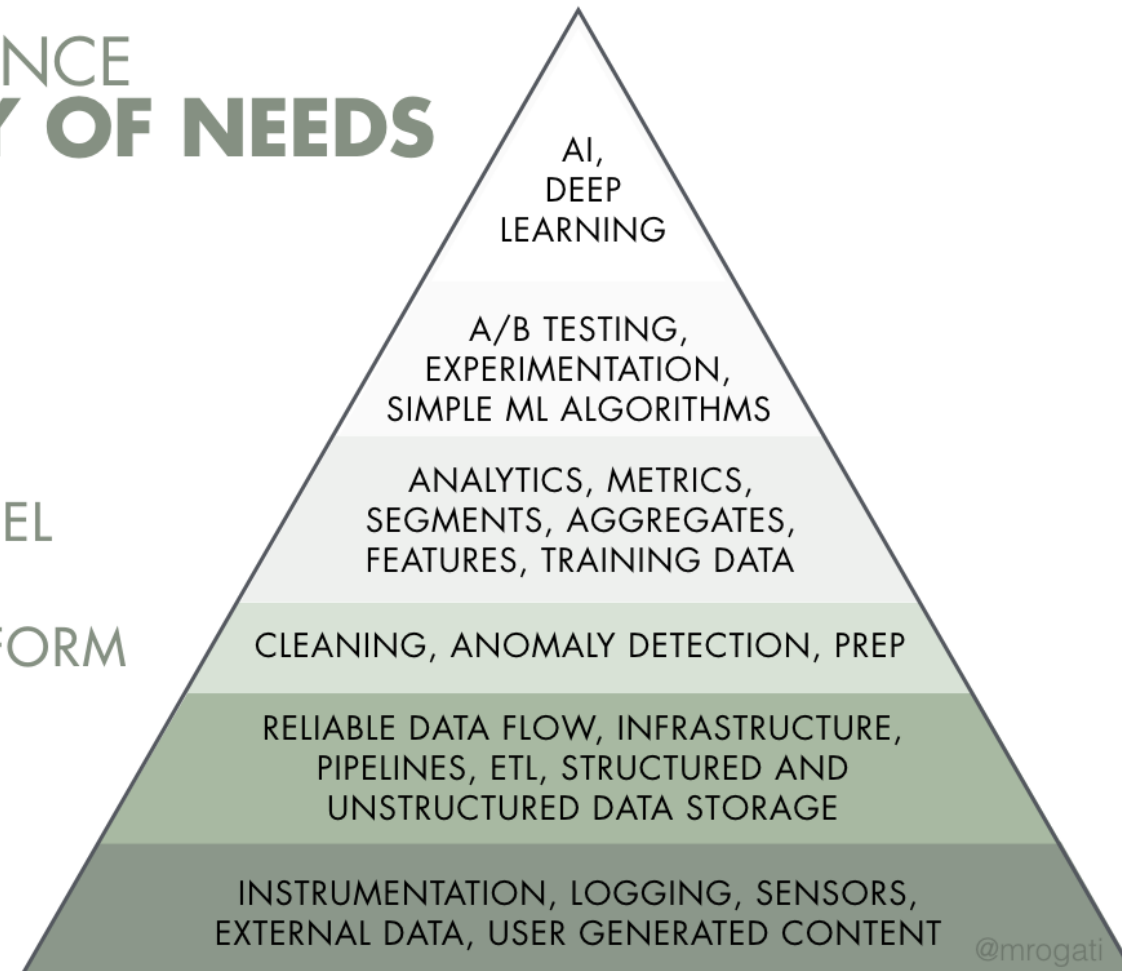
LEARN/OPTIMIZE

AGGREGATE/LABEL

EXPLORE/TRANSFORM

MOVE/STORE

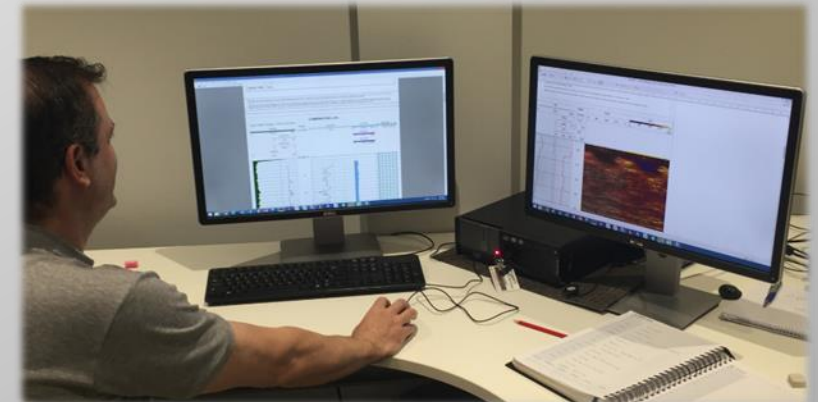
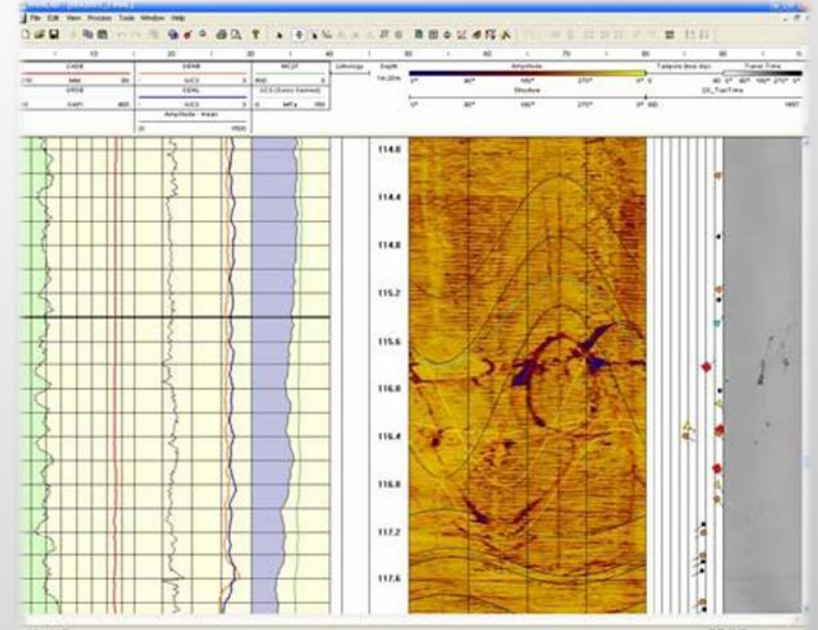
COLLECT



What we offer – Expertise

Our Data Processing Centre (DPC) provide:

- Quality control, processing, interpretation and integration of data.
- Monitoring of all tool calibration and performance.
- Answer products:
 - Rock property characterization
 - In-situ Dry Density equivalent
 - Moisture mapping





Conclusions

1. Wireline Services Group – Has and continues to be a world class provider of wireline logging data for incorporation into AI – machine learning algorithms.
2. As dataset gets larger and more expensive a holistic approach to data is necessary to “future-proof” your data and lower the time and expense of cleaning the data.
3. Given a properly trained dataset, the machine learning environment can be used to highlight subtle features or unknown zones and provide another avenue for target generation.
4. This entire process adds value to costly drill programs.




Questions?



Thank you!



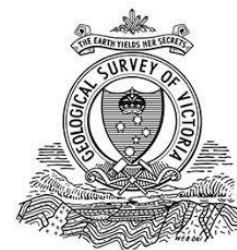
minexcrc.com.au

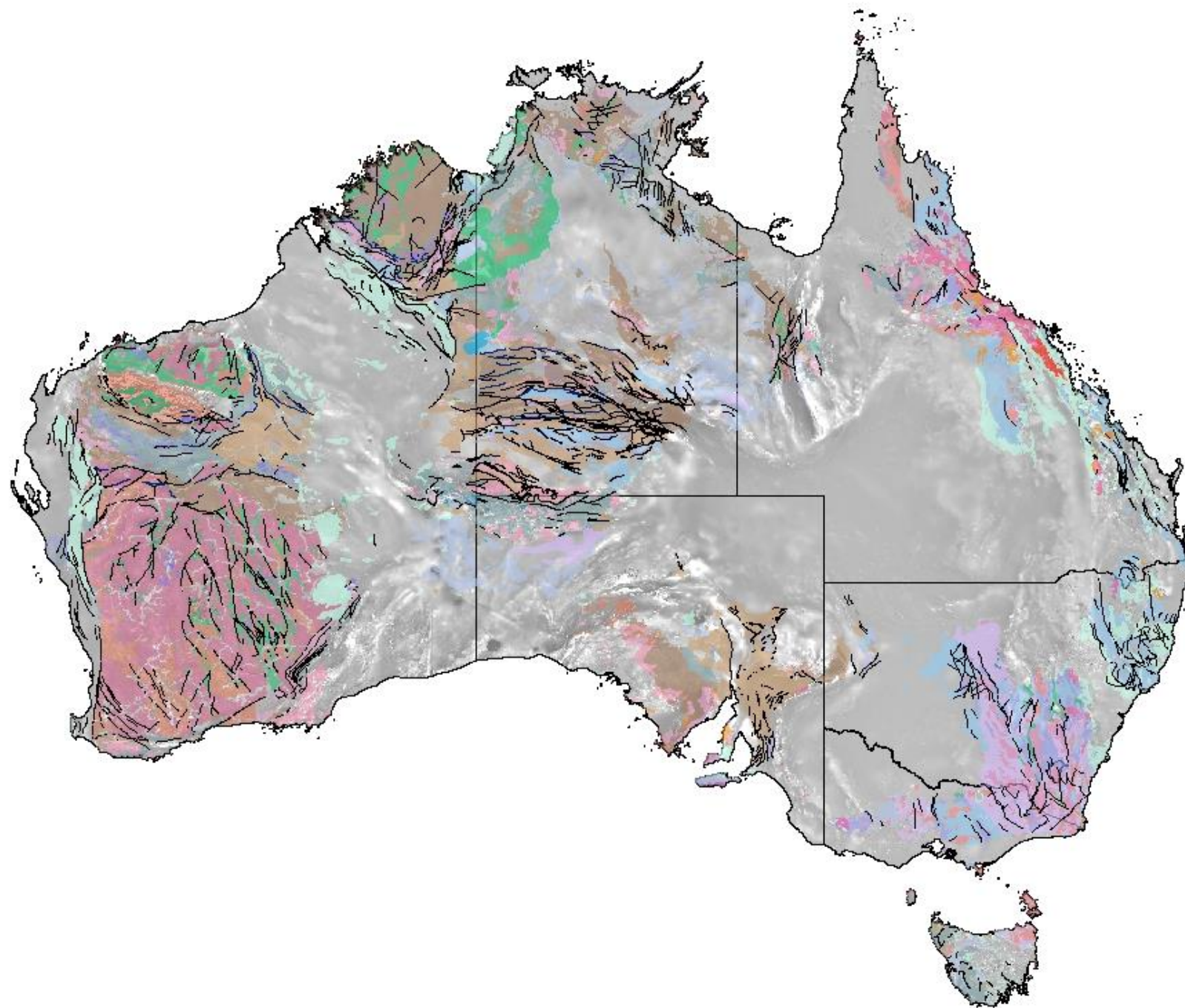
 Find us on LinkedIn

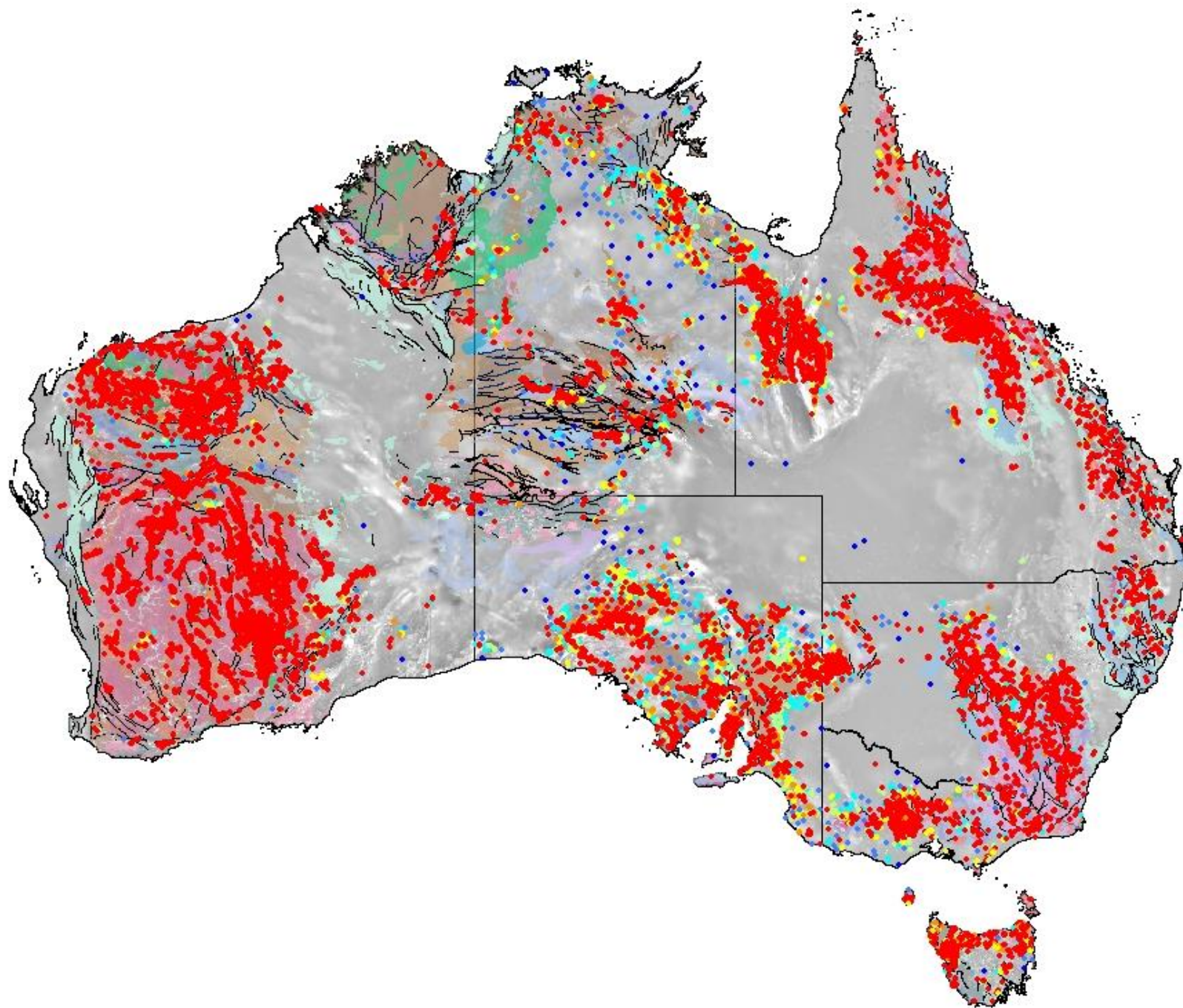
Majors, METS and Survey Participants (16)

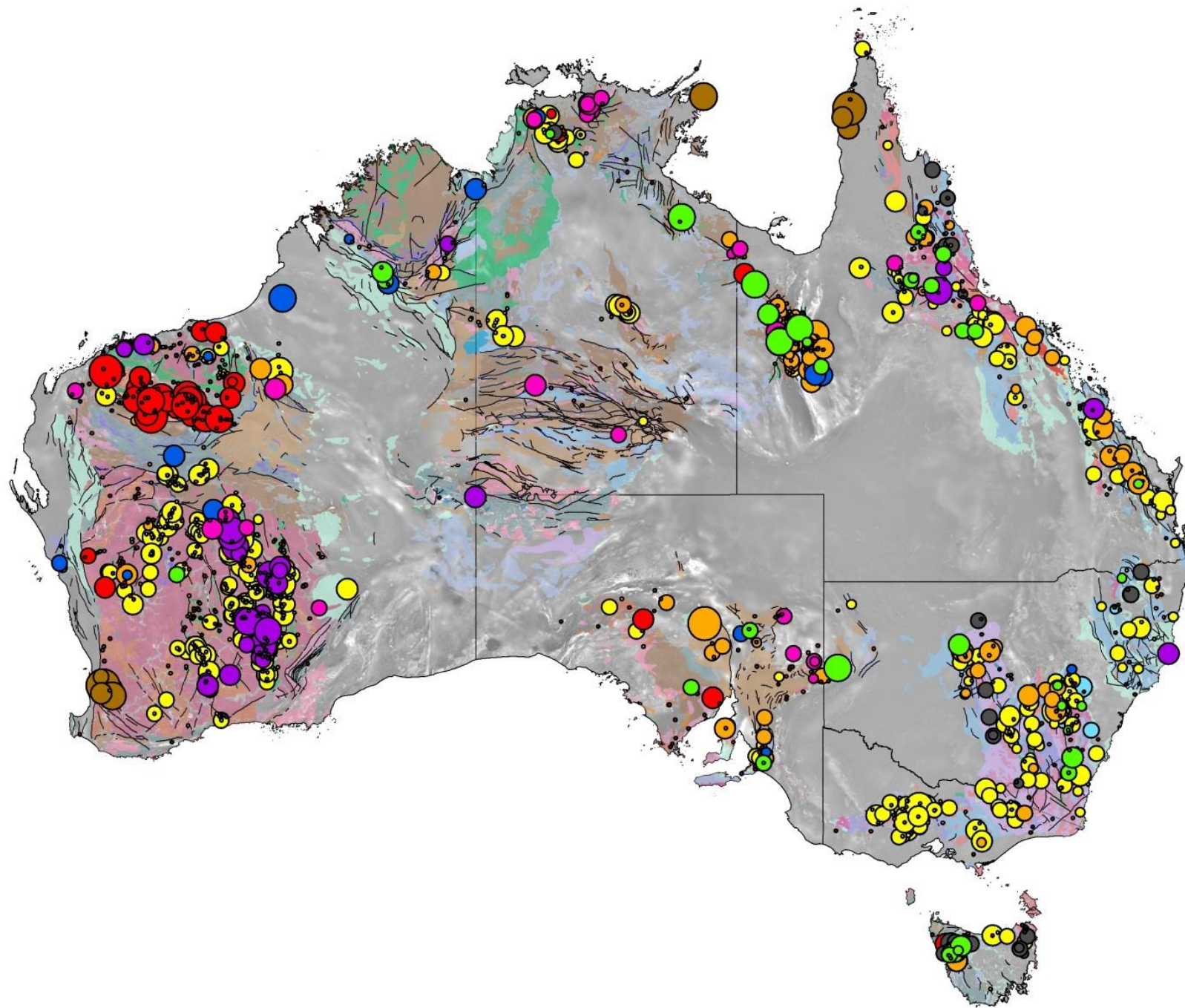


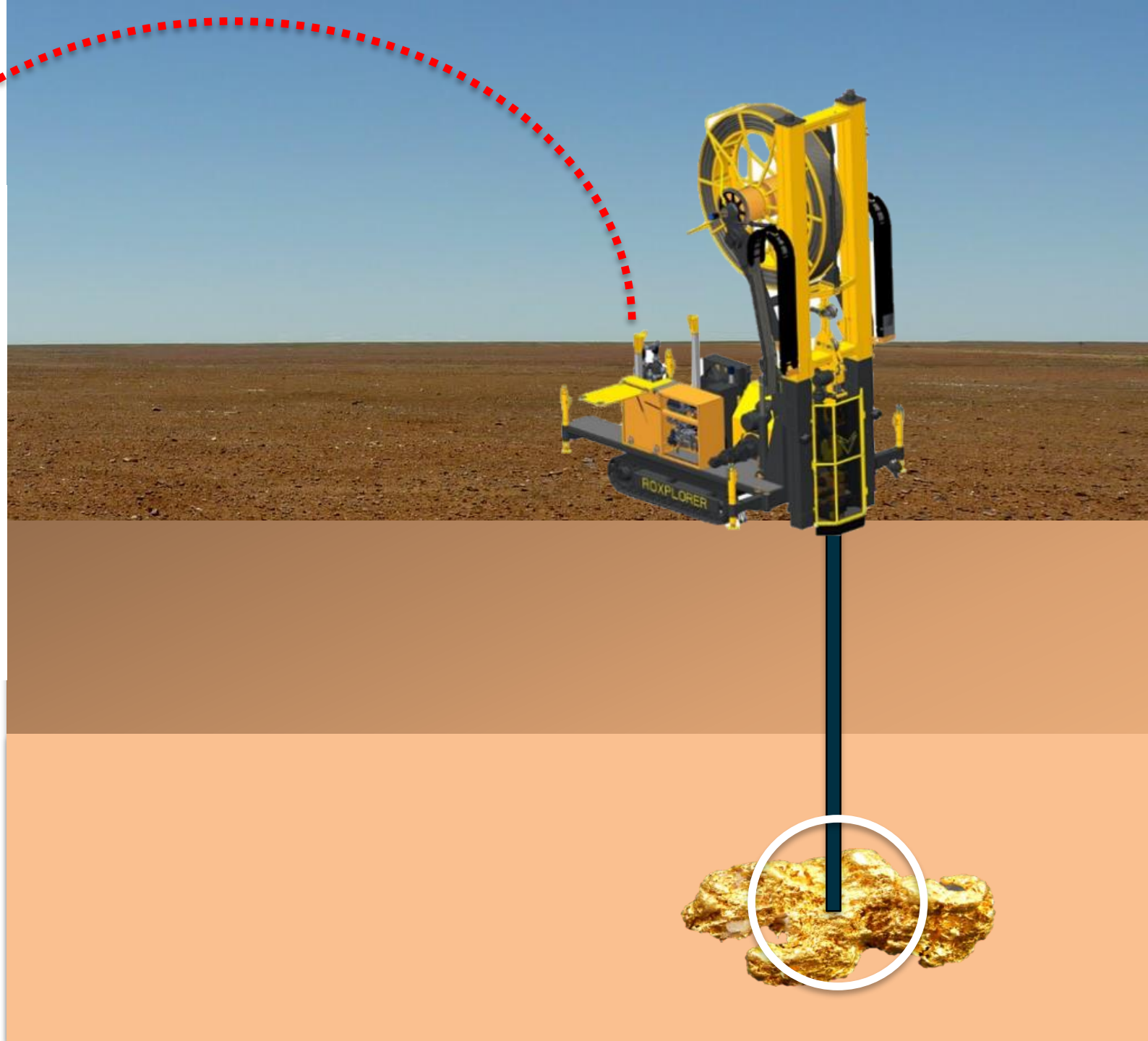
Research Participants and Affiliates (20)

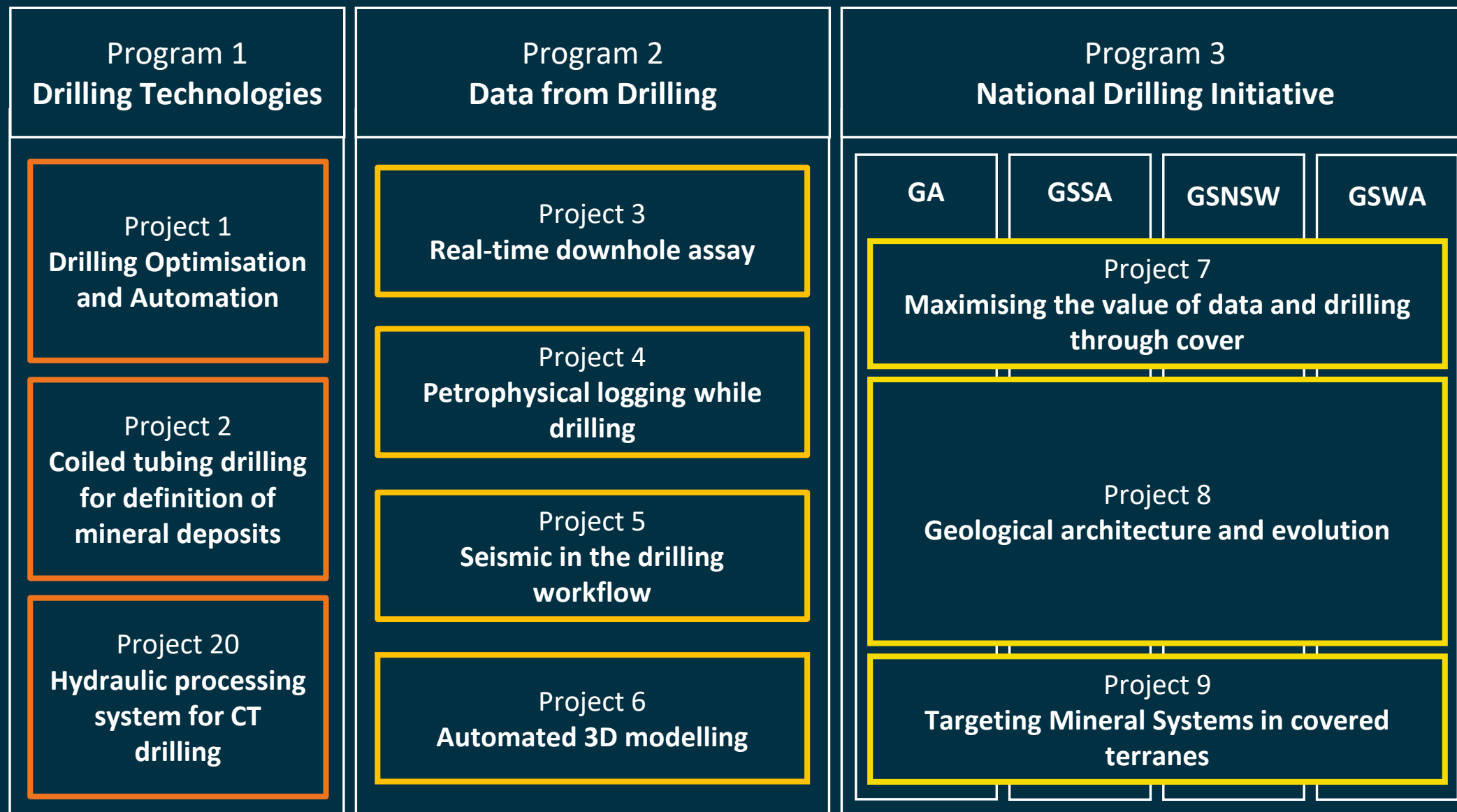




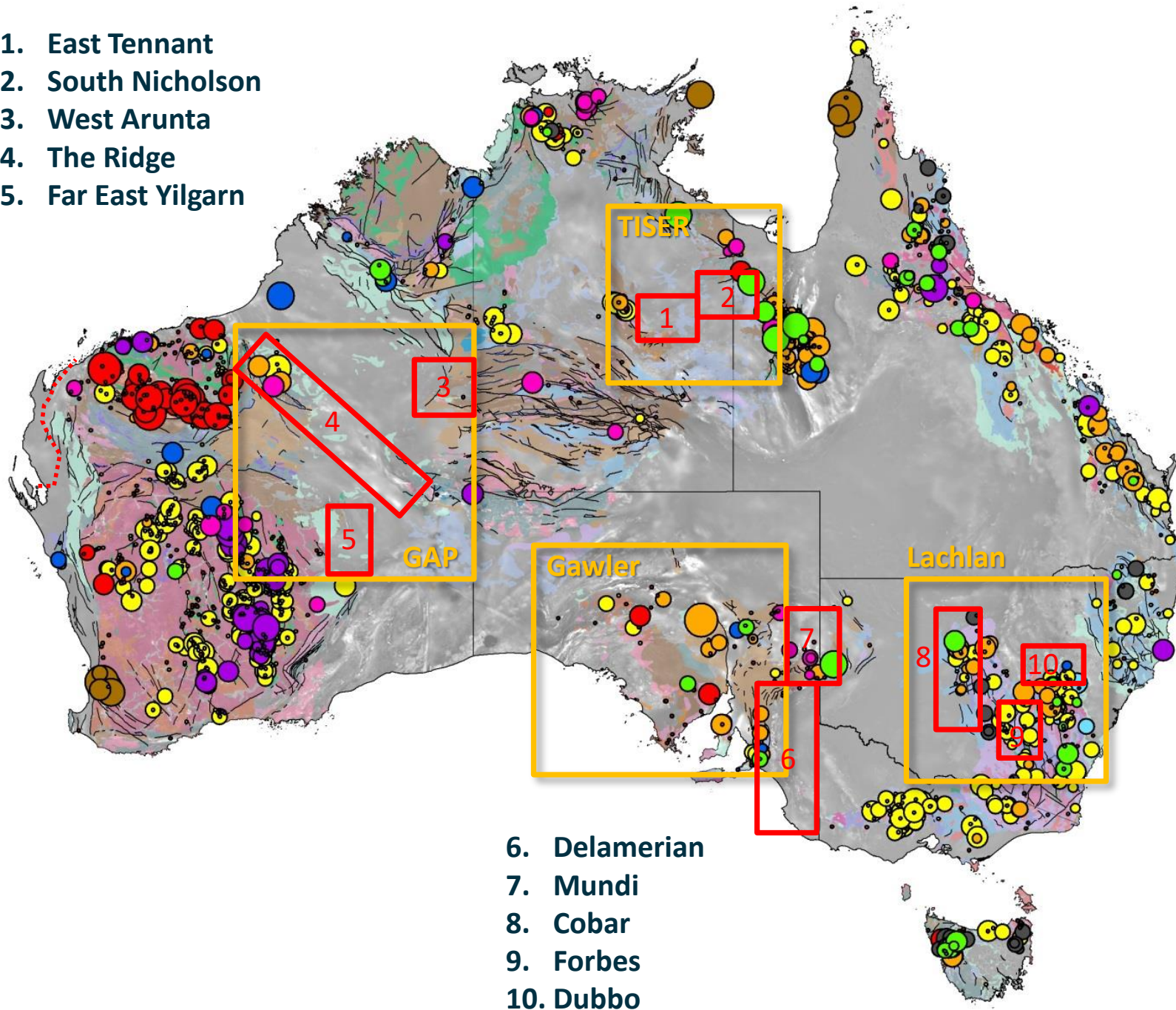









1. East Tennant
2. South Nicholson
3. West Arunta
4. The Ridge
5. Far East Yilgarn



6. Delamerian
7. Mundi
8. Cobar
9. Forbes
10. Dubbo



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Using A.I. to Classify Lithology: Navigating through the Propaganda to Identify Opportunities in your Image Data

3 March 2020

Sam Scher M.Sc., Senior Geochemist



corescan

www.corescan.com.au

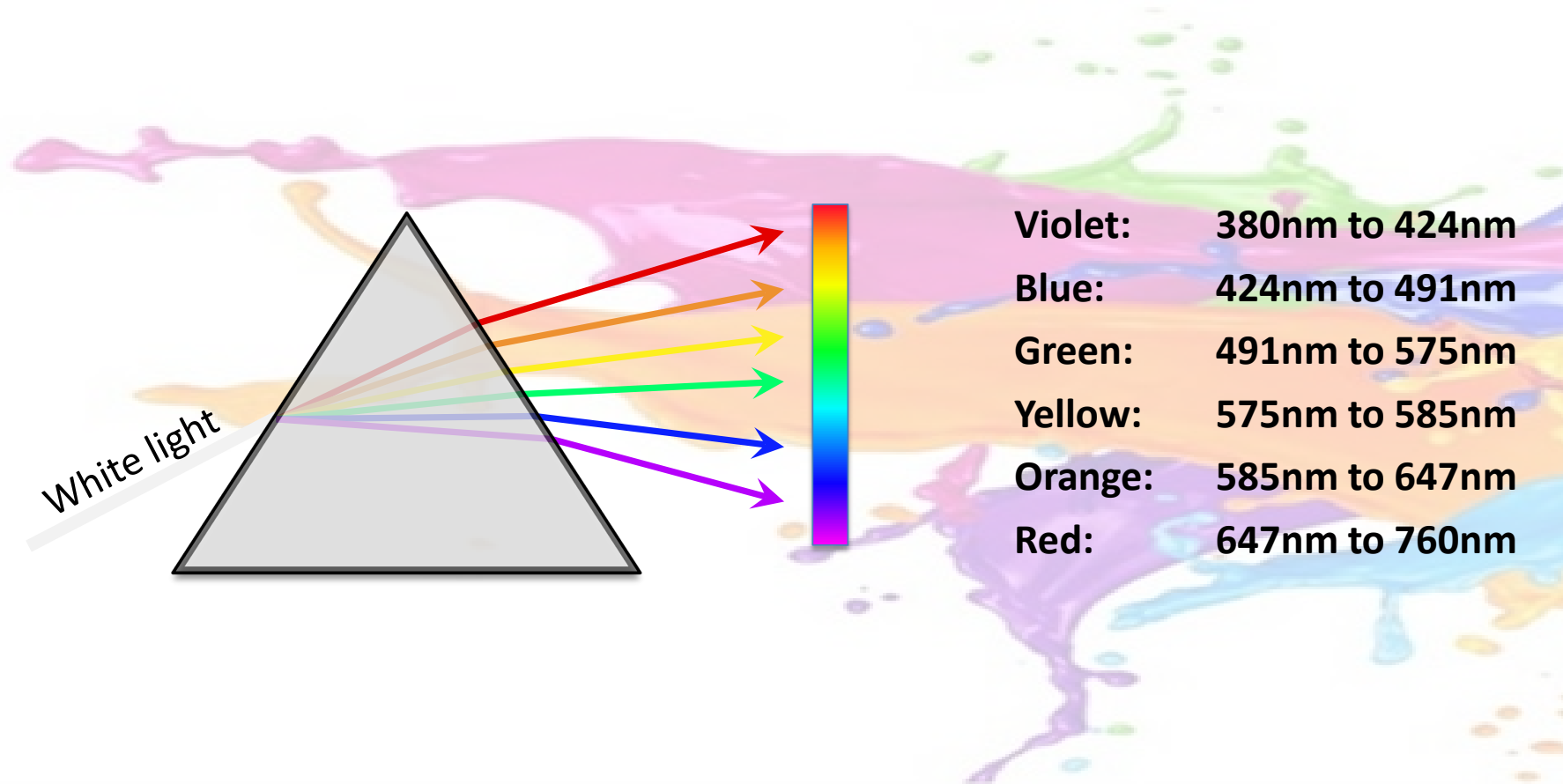
THE IMPORTANCE OF TERMINOLOGY



Thanks to machine-learning algorithms,
the robot apocalypse was short-lived.

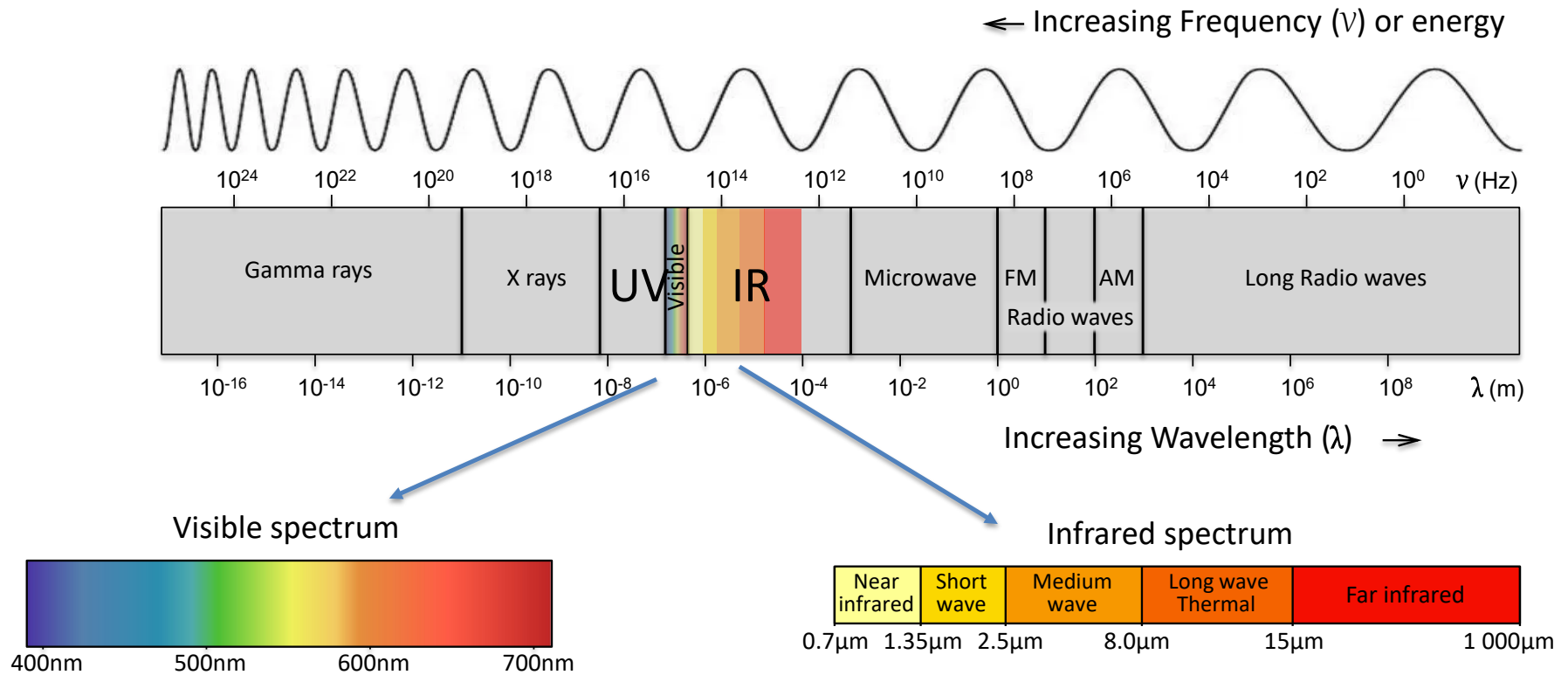
- Artificial Intelligence (A.I.) denotes machines that can think for themselves.
- Machine Learning is a subset of A.I. that is focused on systems that learn from their environment, e.g. data.
 - It is a method of data analysis that automates analytical model building by using algorithms that iteratively learn from data to find hidden insights and structure without being explicitly programmed where and how to look.

IDENTIFYING MINERALS WITH THE VISIBLE COLOR SPECTRUM

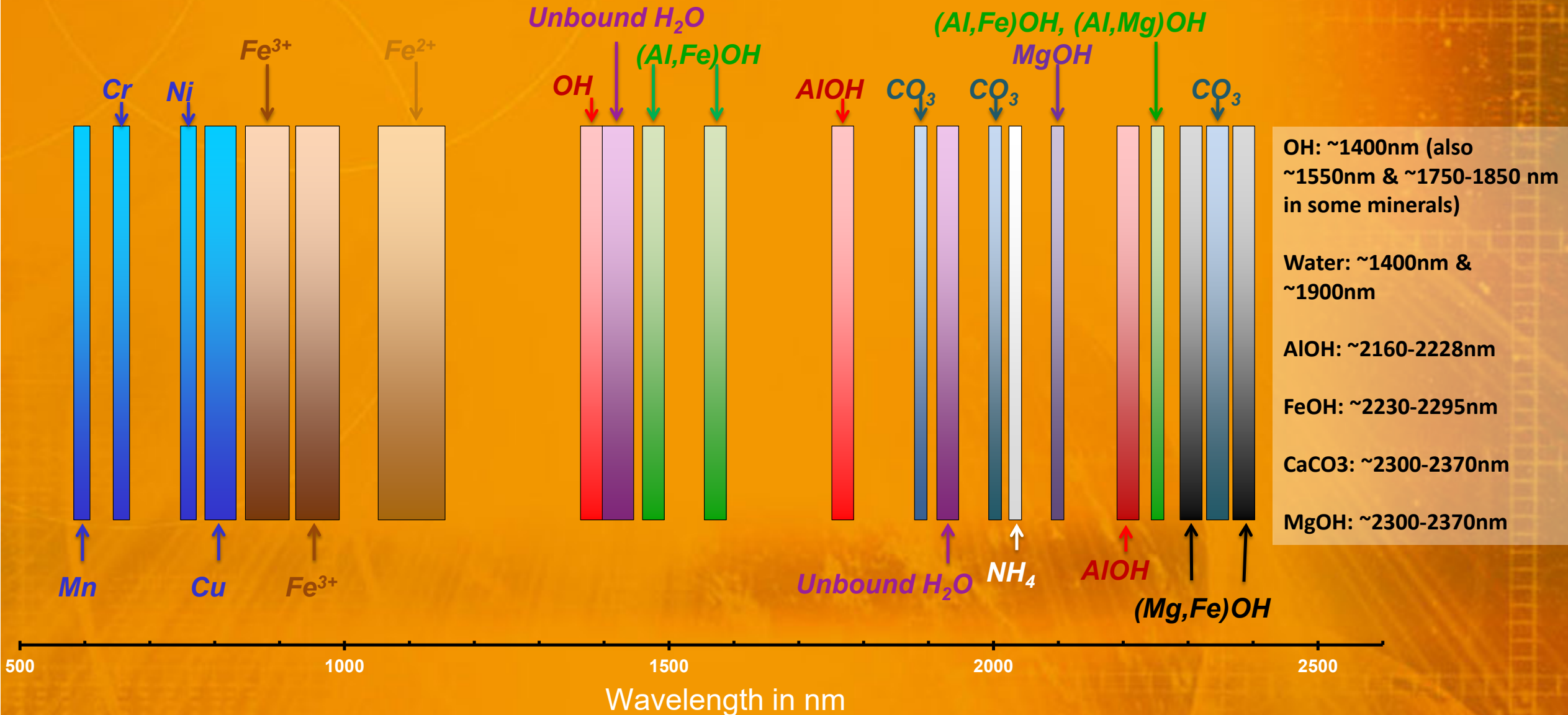


How to combine valuable human interpretations with quantitative data, e.g. mineral identification...?

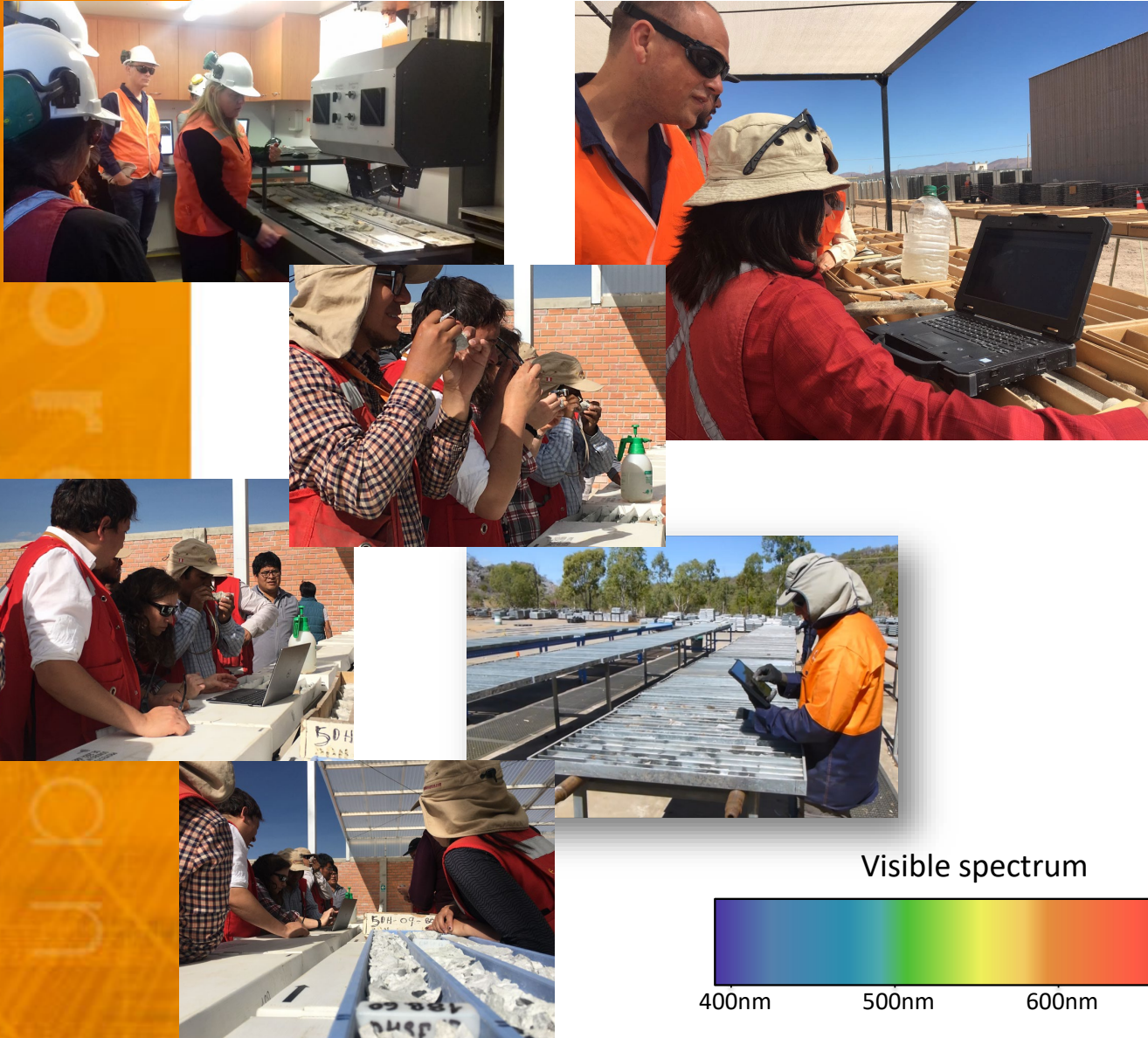
THE PHYSICS OF LIGHT: THE ELECTROMAGNETIC SPECTRUM



Diagnostic absorption features of minerals in the Visible-near (VNIR) to shortwave infrared (SWIR) range

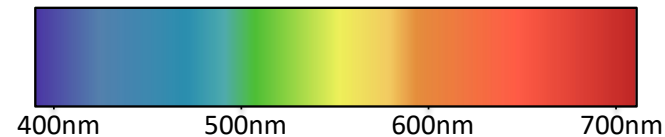


ADVANTAGES OF INTEGRATING HYPERSPECTRAL CORE IMAGING IN LOGGING

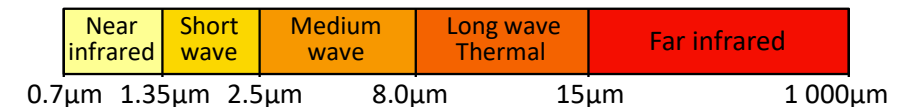


- Geologists bring knowledge, context and hard-earned wisdom
- 'Domain experts' are indispensable
- The synthesis of humans and consistent, precise analytical data is best-practice

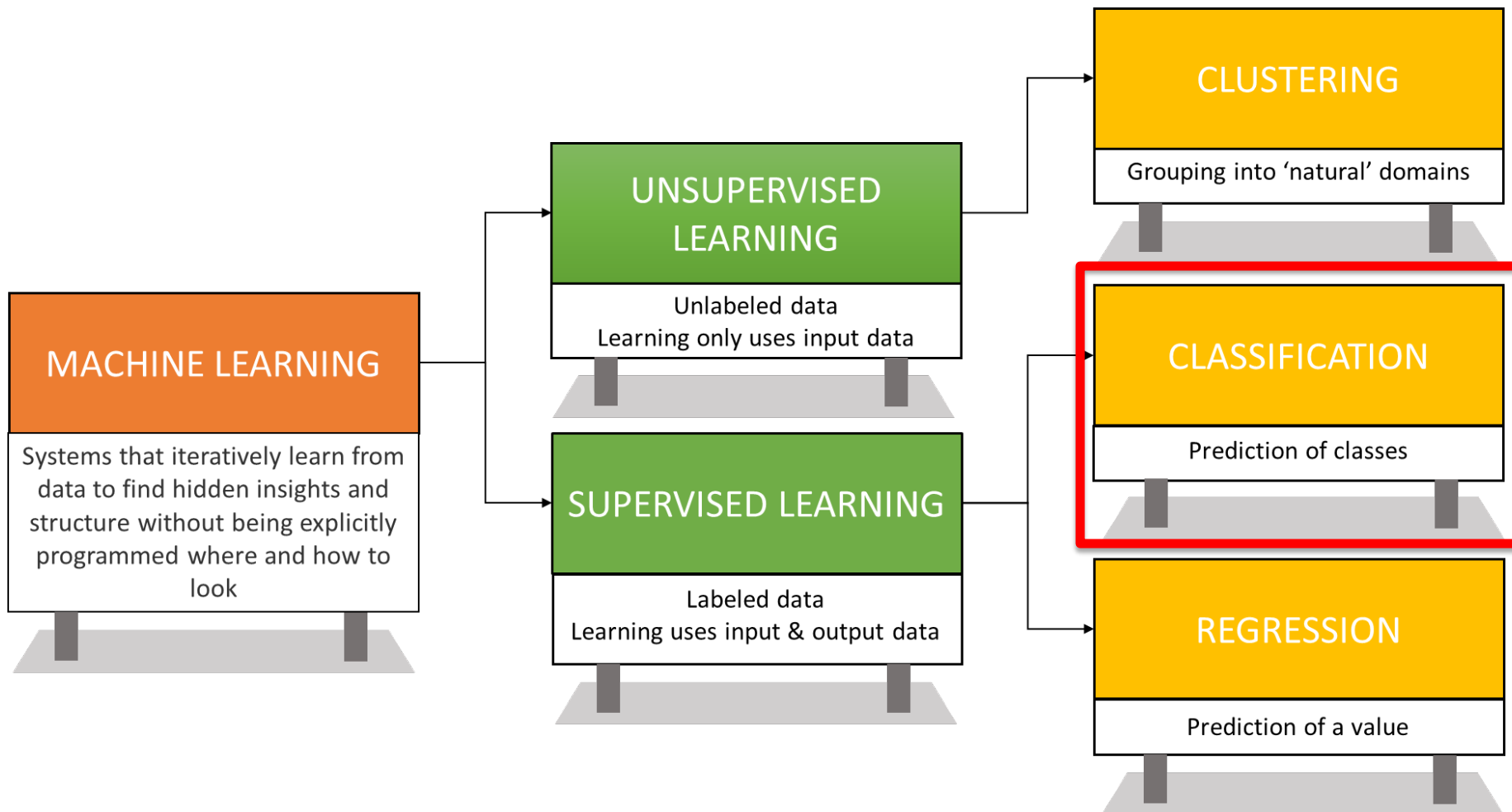
Visible spectrum



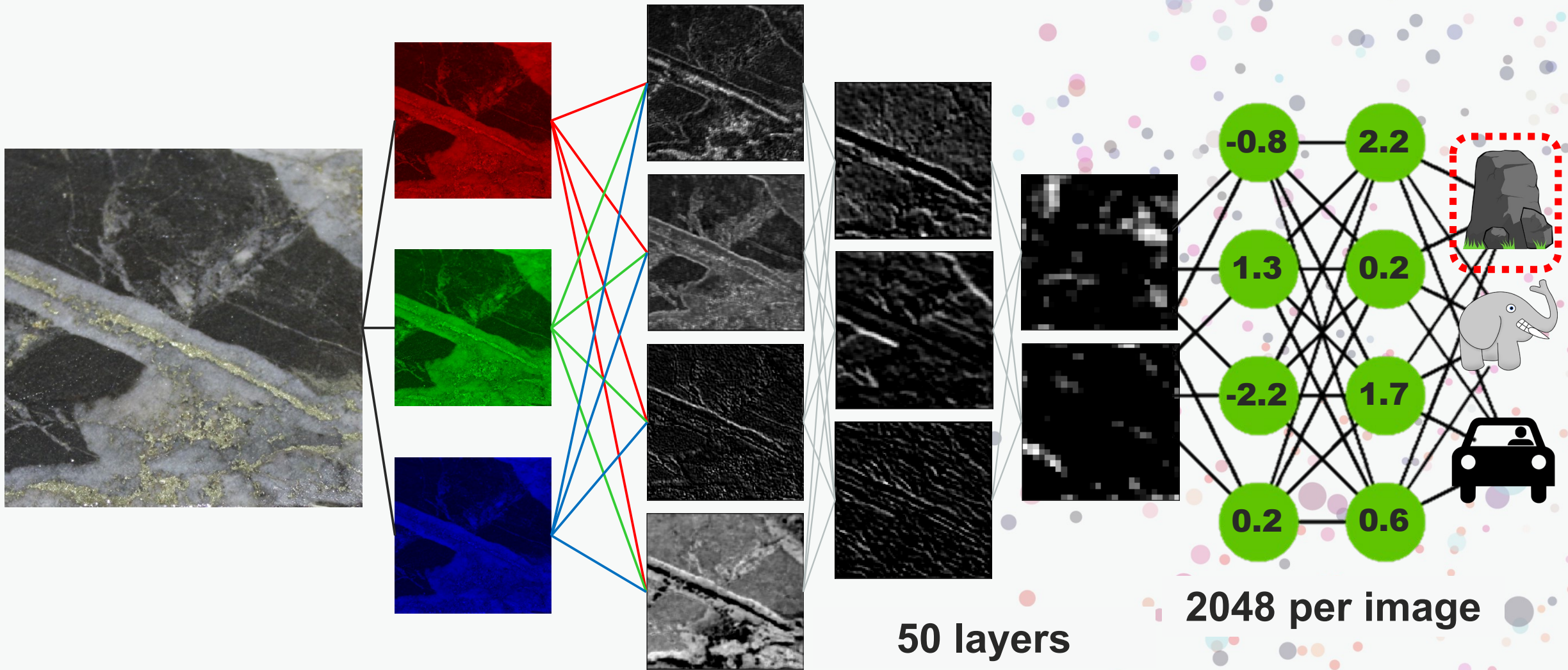
Infrared spectrum



THE BASICS OF CREATING A MACHINE LEARNING MODEL TO ASSIST LOGGING



Computer vision: Convolutional Neural Networks



MAPPING LITHOLOGIES WITH RGB

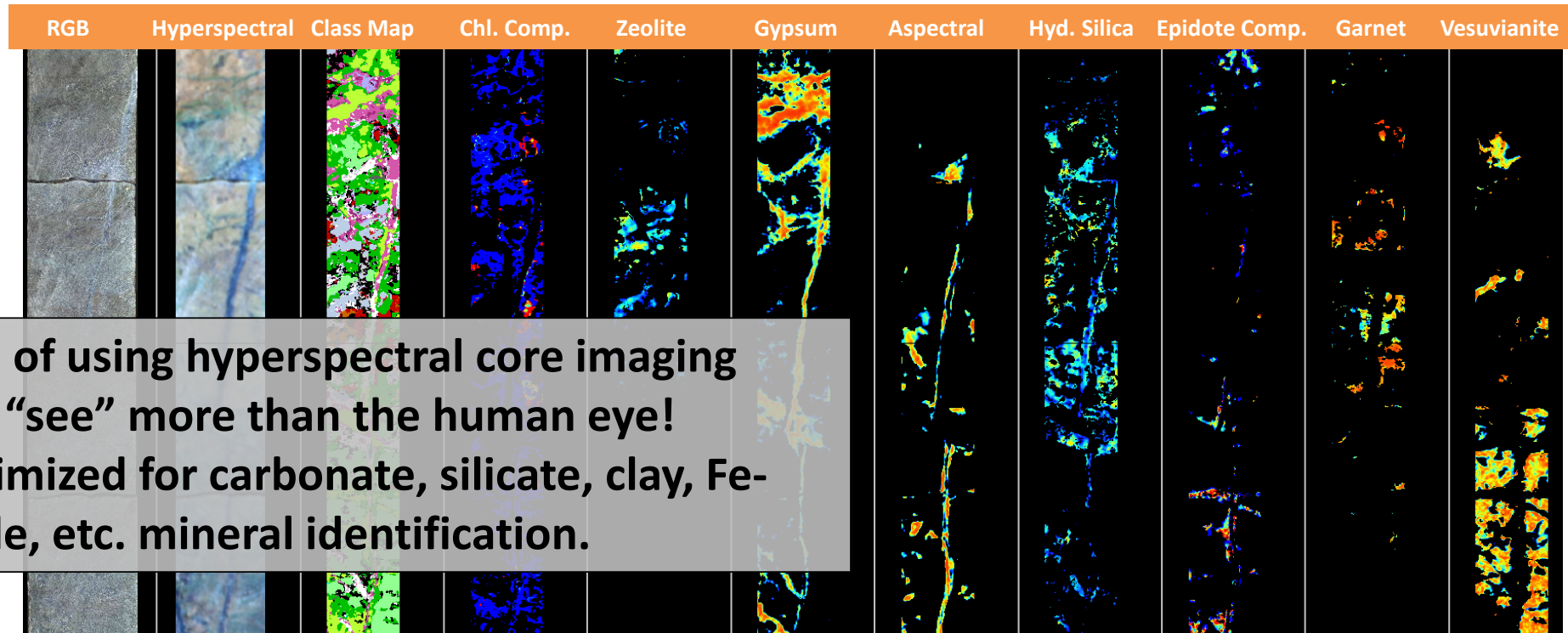
- **Limitations with ML using RGB photography**

- Masking, problems with photography (sun/angle)
 - RGB photography can only see $\sim 380\text{-}760\text{nm}$; information is limited to what a human eye can see!
 - The machine has all the same difficulties of differentiating complex mineralogy and lithologies as humans.
- Importantly, **consistency** is improved by using ML.



IMAGE CLASSIFICATION AND CORESCAN DATA

- Most machine learning workflows require large amount of high resolution and **consistent data**.
- Corescan collects approximately 200,000 pixels of data per meter. The HCI-4 will produce 800,000 pixels per meter.
- Significantly, Corescan data provides spatial relationships between the pixels in the form of an image; therefore we know which minerals exist as a given and the position of every other mineral.



Advantages of using hyperspectral core imaging

- Can “see” more than the human eye!
- Optimized for carbonate, silicate, clay, Fe-oxide, etc. mineral identification.

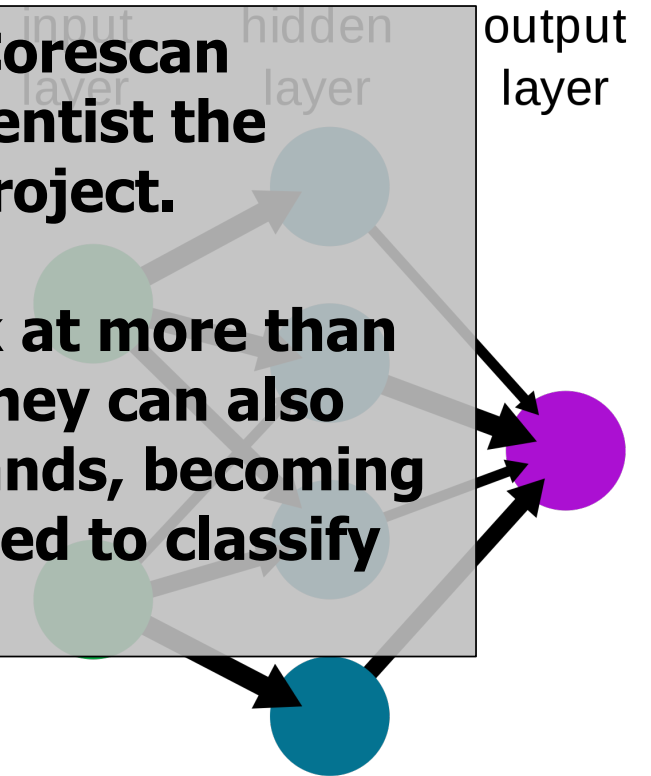
MAPPING LITHOLOGIES WITH CORESCAN RGB + 512 BANDS + LASER PROFILER



Project geologists in conjunction with a Corescan spectral geologist can advise the data scientist the optimal bands to use as inputs for each project.

This will create neural networks that look at more than the individual Corescan bands of data... they can also look at the interactions between these bands, becoming similar to ratios and gradients that are used to classify spectra!

A simple neural network



USING IMAGE ANALYSIS TO AID IN LOGGING CORE

- **Warning:**
 - **High degree of geological knowledge required!**
 - **Will require an extreme amount of effort on the part of the staff geologists!**

Observational Logging

Current practice
Large amount of underutilized data

Augmented Logging

Taking the observations of the geologist and integrating them with quantitative data
First step is to identify major classes for automation (e.g. lithology, alteration)

Automated Logging

Driven by quantitative data that measures the physical properties of the rock
Trained by geologists to recognize everything that is deemed important

- **Will need to train models to recognize all classes that are of importance:**
 - **Lithology and alteration are the tip of the iceberg!**
 - **Veins, breccias, faults... whatever you log and is important to model will need training!**
 - **Re-evaluation of what is important may be required!**

The speaker would like to acknowledge Solve Geosolutions and the Corescan team for their input in this talk.



Thank you all for attending.

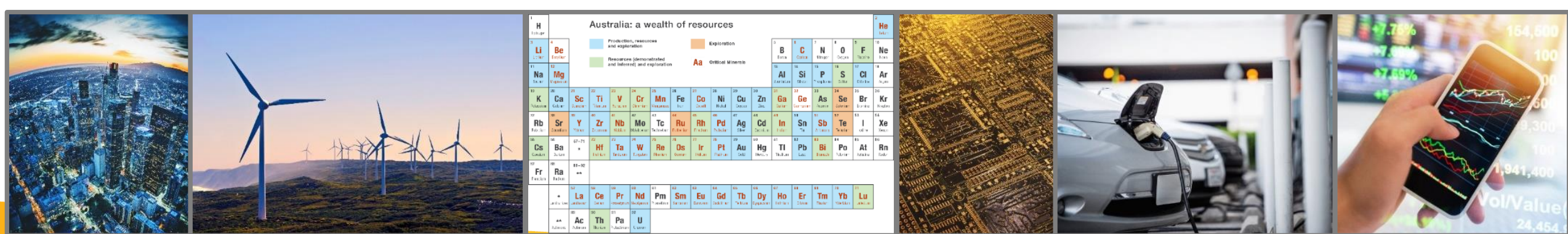
AUSTRALIA MINERALS

REALISE THE OPPORTUNITY

Australia United: making the world's best pre-competitive data even better

Dr Richard Blewett (Branch Head, Mineral Systems, Geoscience Australia)

Richard.Blewett@ga.gov.au



Lowering the entry for multiple ‘personas’



Investment manager
What and where is the next big opportunity?



Exploration Geologist
Where should we drill?



Landholder
What are the resources on my land?



Indigenous
What does this mean for my community?



Govt. Policy Officer
How does Government respond to development?



Natural Resource Manager
How do we plan for development?



Academic/Geol. Surveys
Can the data help my research?



Ministerial Advisor
How can we achieve the Minister's goals?



Making useful data more usable and more used



Geoscience Australia acknowledges the traditional custodians of the country where we meet and where this work was undertaken.

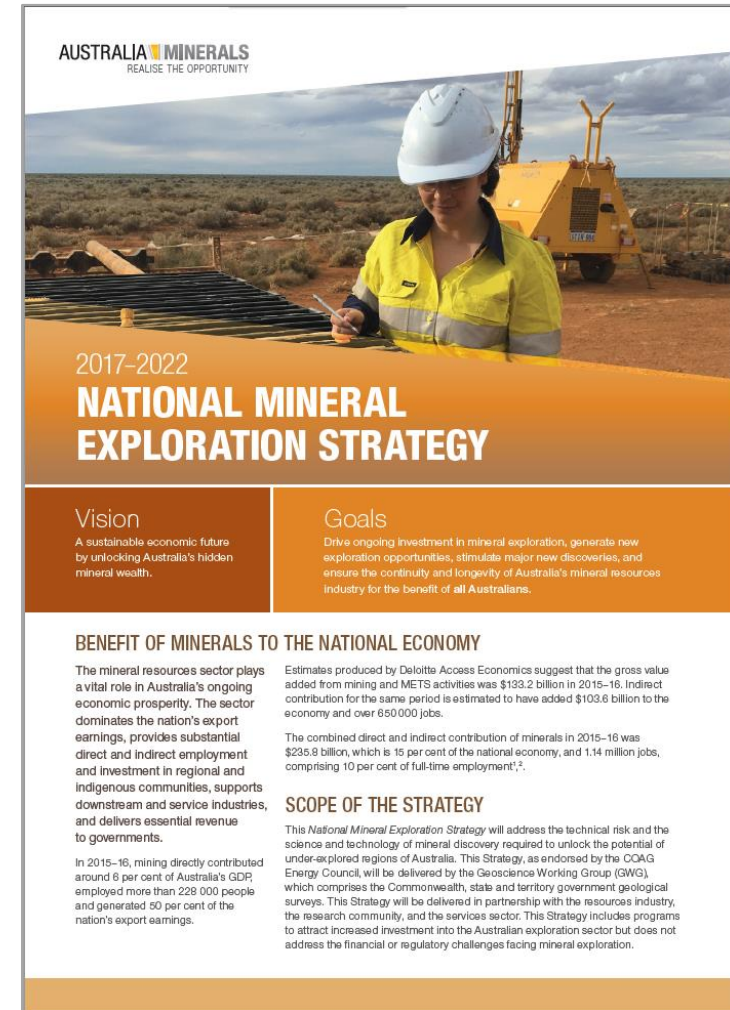
We also acknowledge the support provided by individuals and communities to access the country, especially in remote and rural Australia.



AUSTRALIA MINERALS

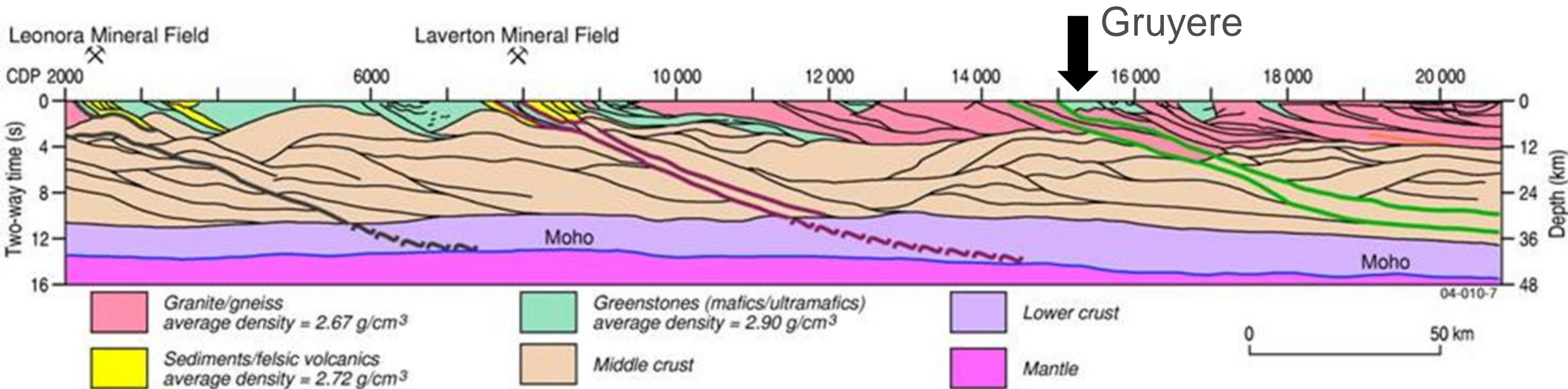
National Mineral Exploration Strategy

- Encourage investment
- Harness capability
- Protect the environment
- Support people and communities

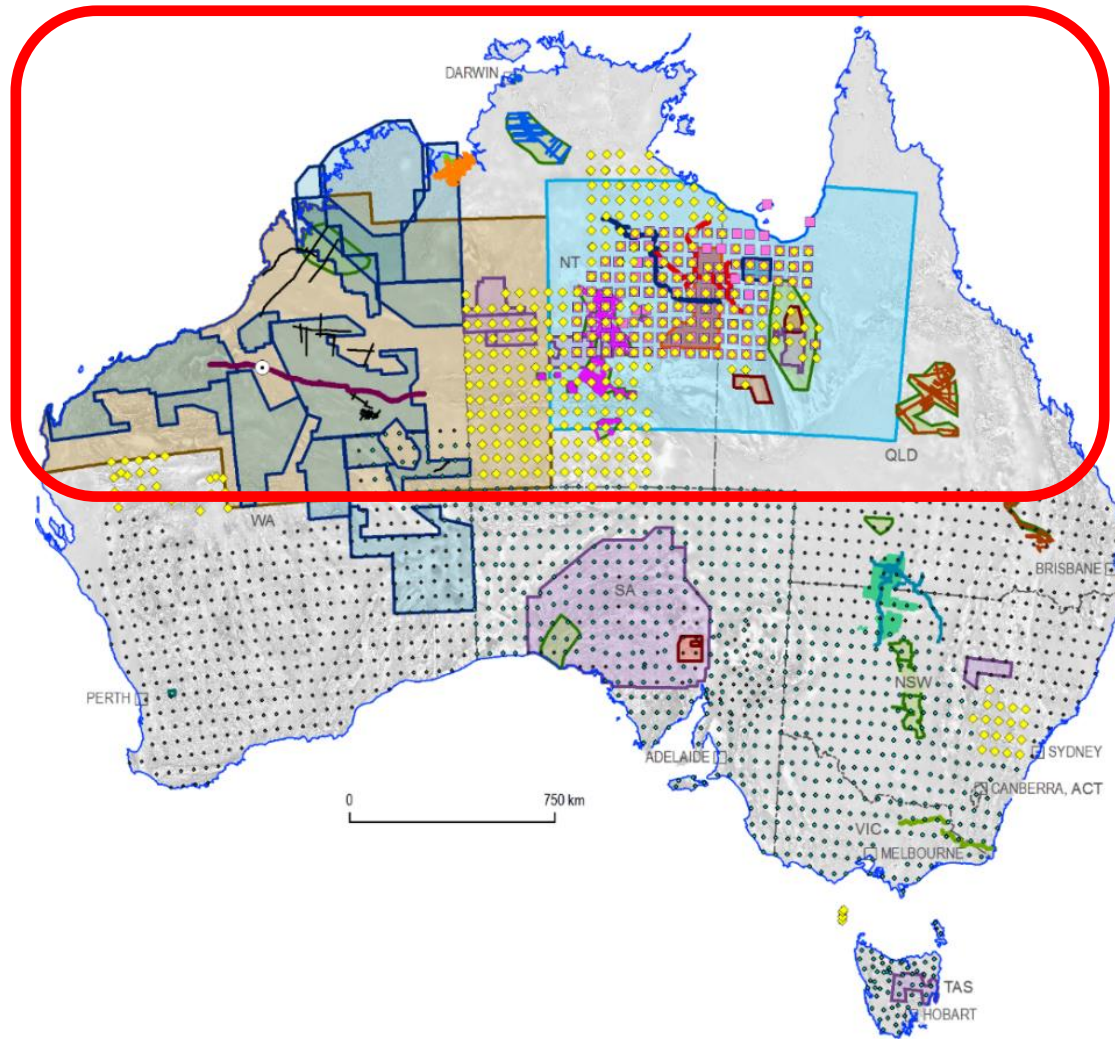


Impact of pre-competitive on discovery

- 1990s – collected airborne magnetic data, produced geological interpretations
- 2001 - collected reflection seismic data, undertook interpretation (below) which predicted this belt is prospective for new world-class gold deposits
- 2014 - Gold Road Resources discovered the Gruyere gold deposit in the Yamarna Belt, utilising GA's interpretations datasets which is a 6+ Million oz greenfields discovery.



Geoscience data to de-risk Exploration



Exploring for the Future, September 2019

- AusAEM 2017–2018 completed survey
- AusAEM 2019 current survey
- Gravity survey, South Nicholson Basin, released October 2017
- Seismic reflection survey, South Nicholson Basin, released March 2018
- AEM survey, Surat and Galilee basins
- AEM survey, East Kimberley
- AEM survey, Northern Stuart Corridor
- AEM survey, Southern Stuart Corridor
- Seismic reflection survey, Kidson Sub-basin
- Seismic reflection survey, Barkly Sub-basin
- Reprocessed seismic reflection survey, Canning Basin
- Reprocessed seismic reflection data, East Kimberley
- AusARRAY survey, Mount Isa to Tennant Creek
- EFTF AusLAMP survey, completed
- Stratigraphic drilling, Kidson Sub-basin

Geophysical Acquisition Programs, current activities

- Airborne magnetic and radiometric survey
- Gravity survey
- Airborne electromagnetic survey
- Magnetotelluric survey
- Airborne test site
- AEM survey, Thomson
- Gravity survey, Thomson
- Seismic reflection survey, Lachlan
- AusLAMP survey, completed and in progress
- AusLAMP survey, planned

NOTE: The greyscale background represents aeromagnetic data (0.5 first vertical derivative of total magnetic intensity).



Australian Government
Geoscience Australia



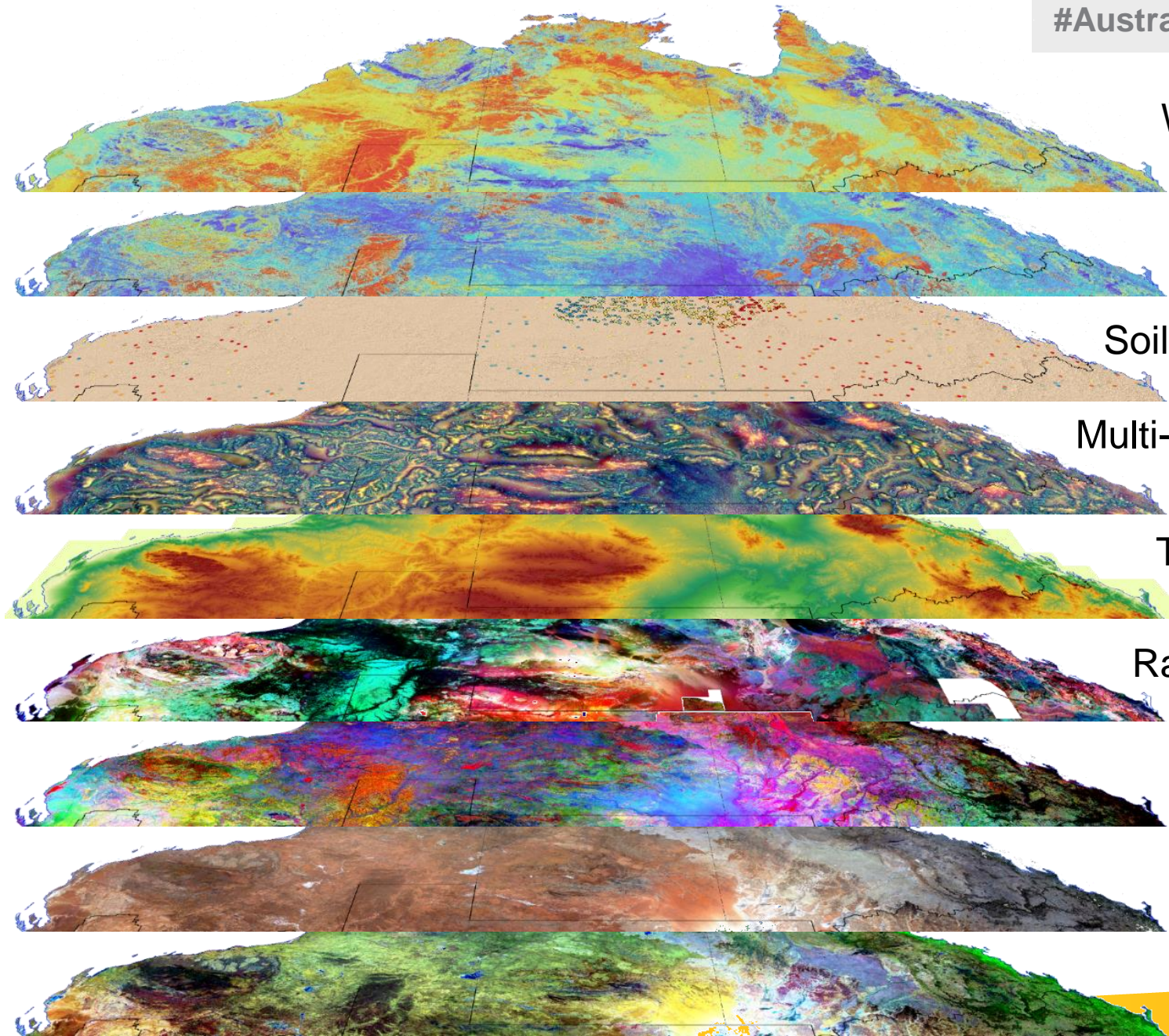
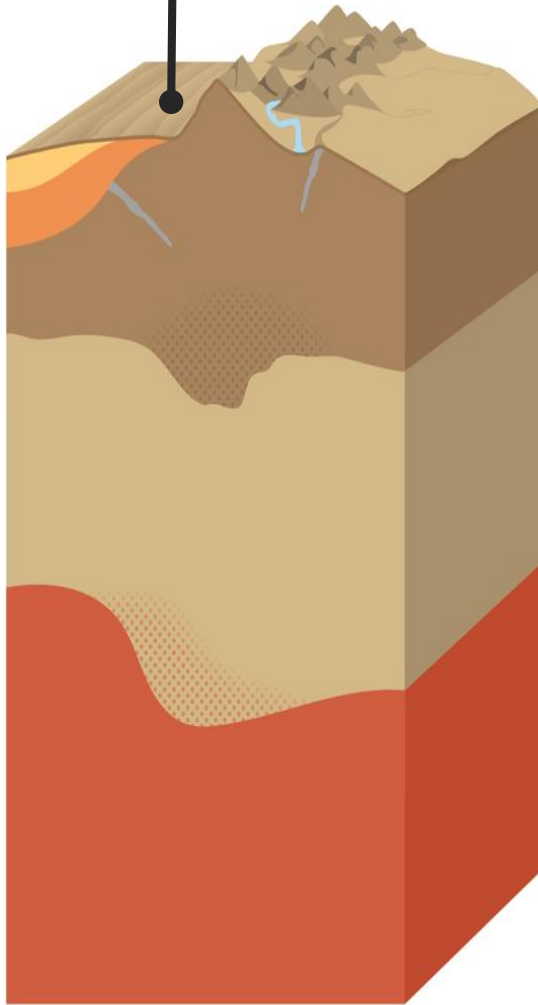


Surface

Converting
AUST

Lithospheric
Mantle

Crust



Predicted
Weathering
Intensity

Predicted
Iron Oxide

Soil Geochem.

Multi-scale topo.

Topography

Radiometrics

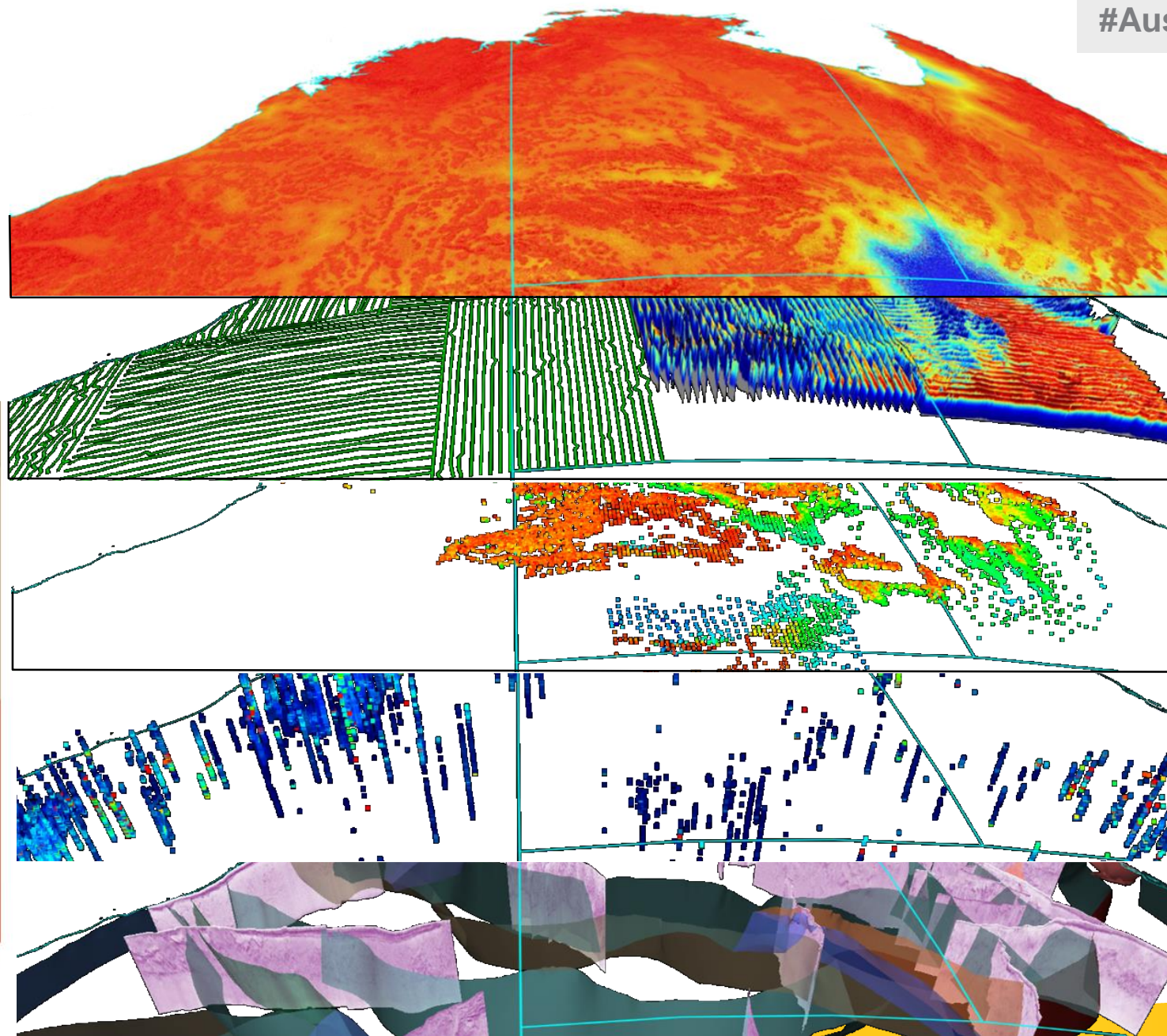
Sential2
Minerals

Landsat
Barest

Landsat
Greenest

Cover & Basins

Converting
Mantle
Lithospheric
Mantle
Crust
AUST



Inferred
basin/cover
thickness

AusAEM

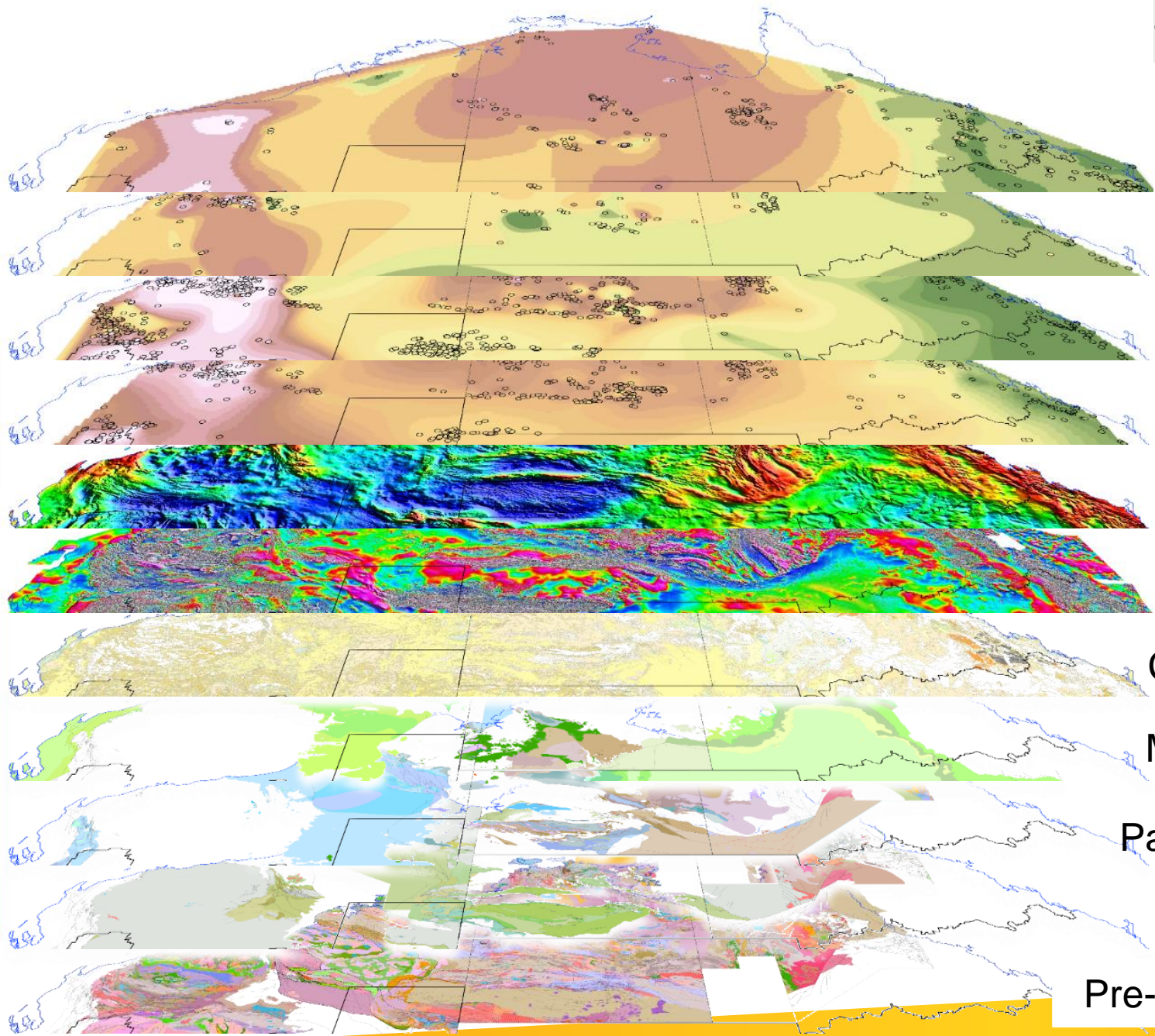
Depth to
magnetic
top

Source
Rocks
Atlas

Reflection
Seismic
& Major
Boundaries

Crust

Converting
Mantle
Lithospheric
Mantle
Crust

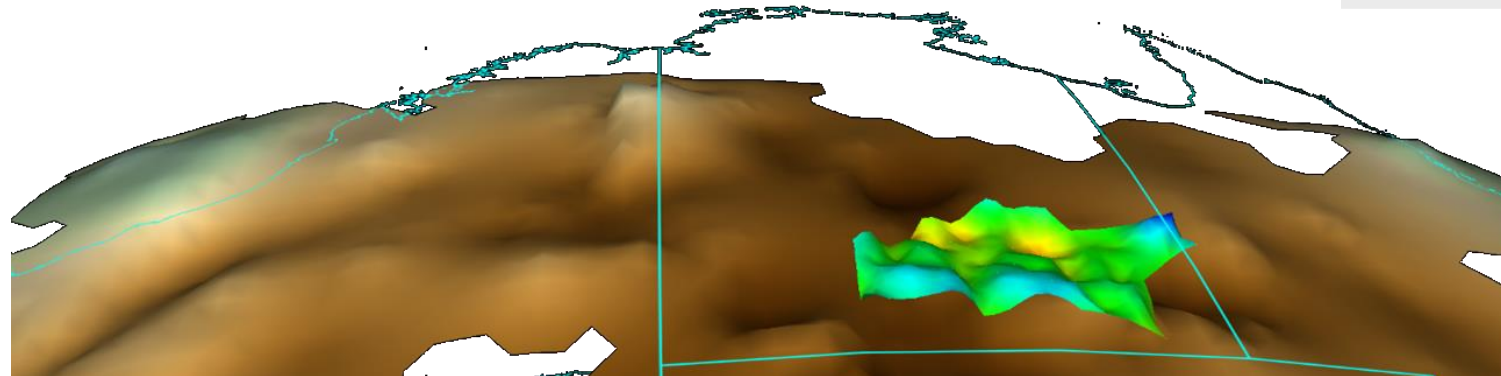


Ar-Ar
Pb-Pb
U-Pb
Sm-Nd
Gravity
Magnetics
Cenozoic
Mesozoic
Palaeozoic
NeoProt.
Pre-NeoProt.

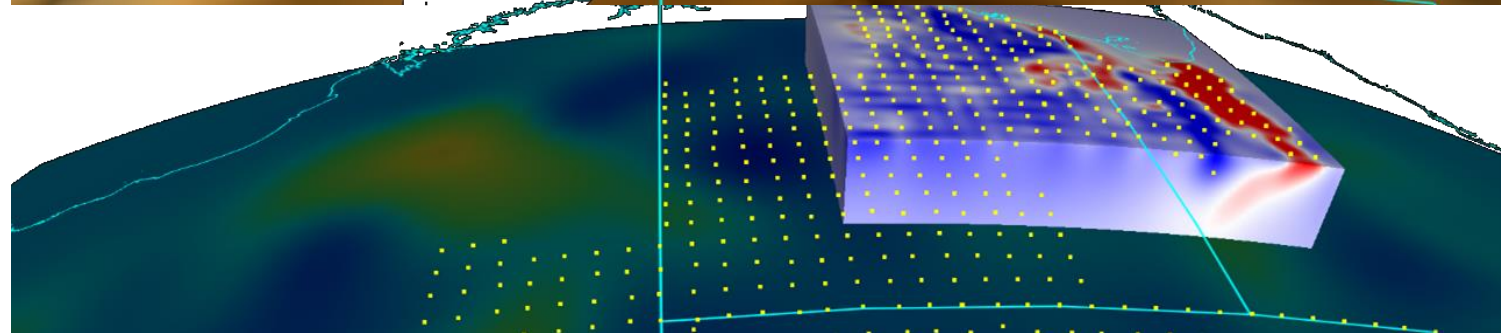
Isotopic Atlas
Solid Geology

Lithospheric Mantle

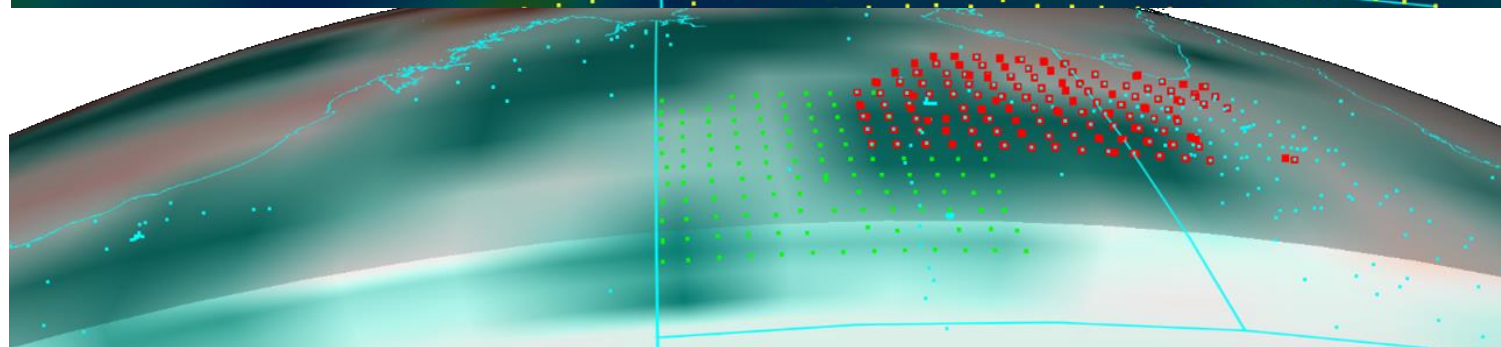
Crust
Lithospheric Mantle
Converting Mantle
AUST



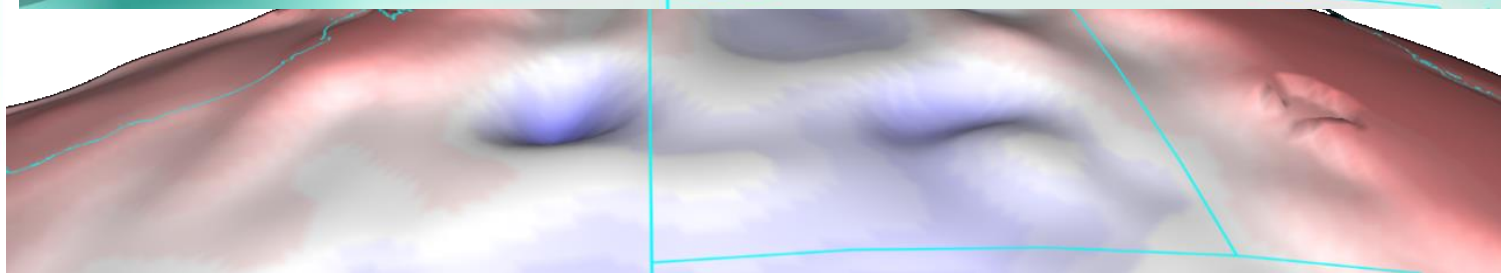
Moho



AusLAMP
resistivity
models



AusArray
velocity
models



Base of
Plate

Exploration Workflow using GA's portal

www.portal.ga.gov.au

1. Project Generation Phase

- Mineral Potential Mapper
- Economic Fairways

2. Exploration Phase

- Data Discovery and Download
- Analytical Tools
- Planning a Drilling Program

3. Feasibility Phase

- Route planning
- Exposure risk and social analysis

3. Mining, Production, Mine Rehabilitation Phase

- Environmental monitoring

From pre-competitive data to pre-competitive decision-support

1) Project Generation: Mineral Potential Mapper Tool

Australian Government
Geoscience Australia Exploring for the Future

www.portal.ga.gov.au

Energy sources or drivers of the ore forming system

- ☒ Overlapping Large Igneous Provinces 7%
- ☒ Mafic-ultramafic units within Large Igneous Provinces 36%
- ☒ AuSREM seismic tomography: Vsv >7.1 km/s above the Moho 14%

Lithospheric architecture

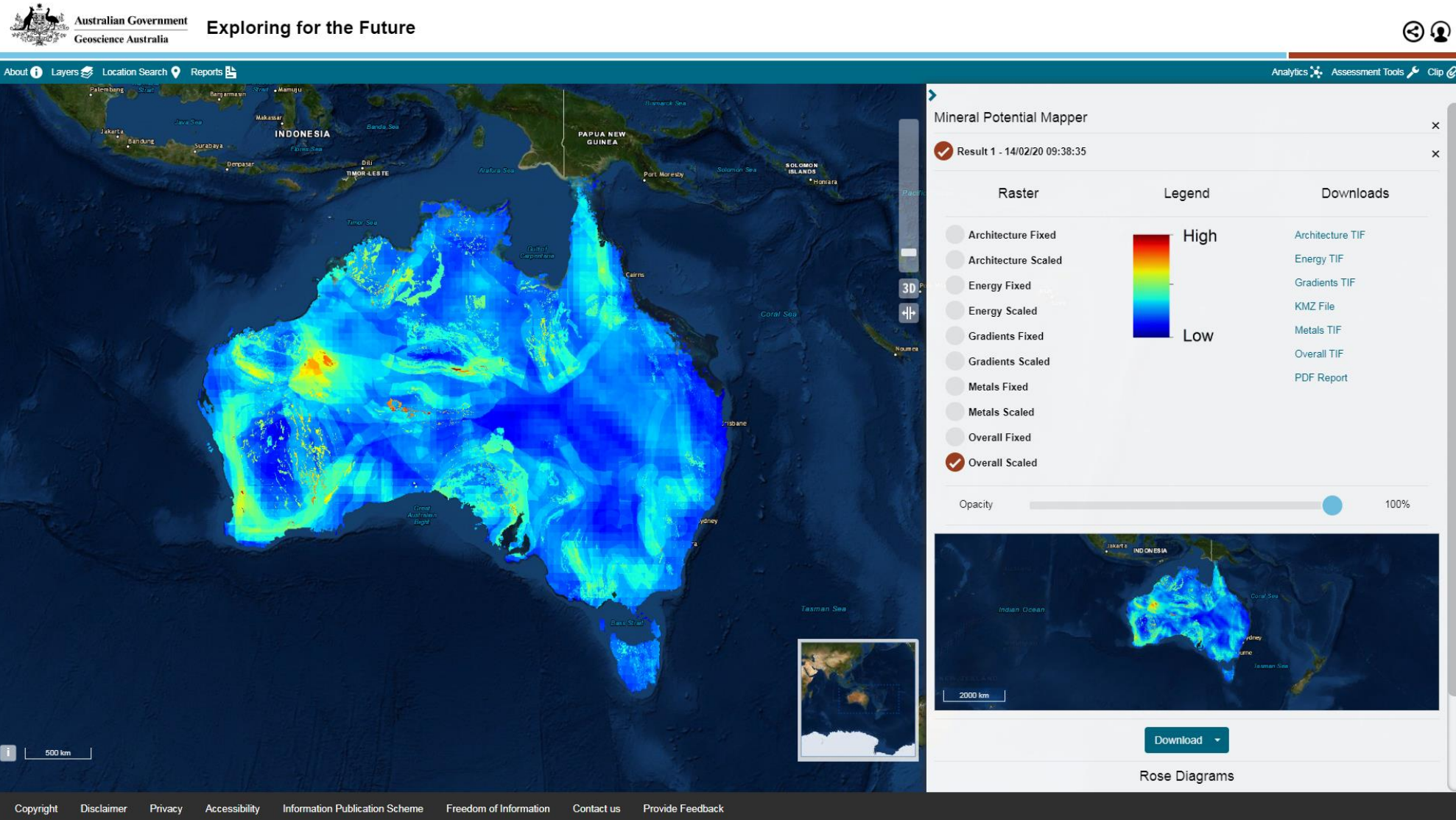
- ☒ AuSREM seismic tomography: horizontal gradients in Vsv 29%
- ☒ Major Crustal Boundaries 9%
- ☒ Neodymium Isotopic Domain Boundaries 9%

Sources of ore metals: Ni, Cu, PGE

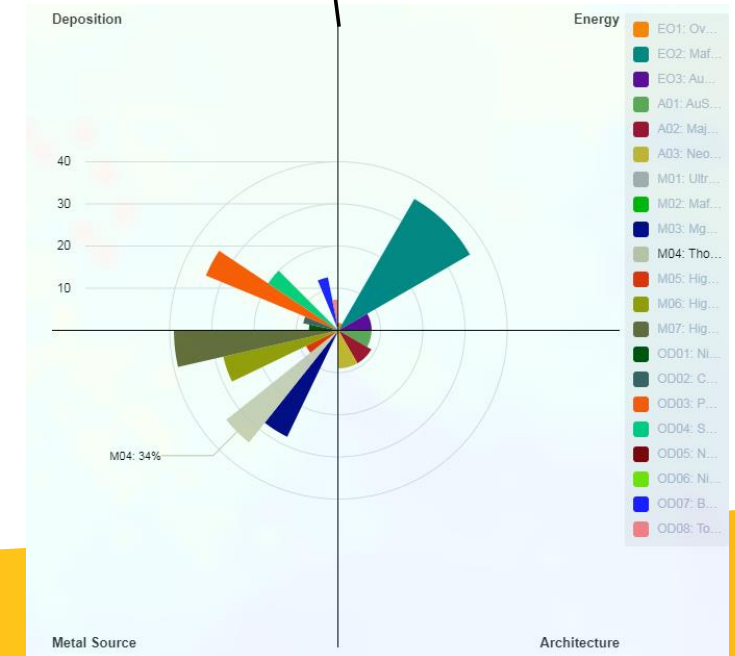
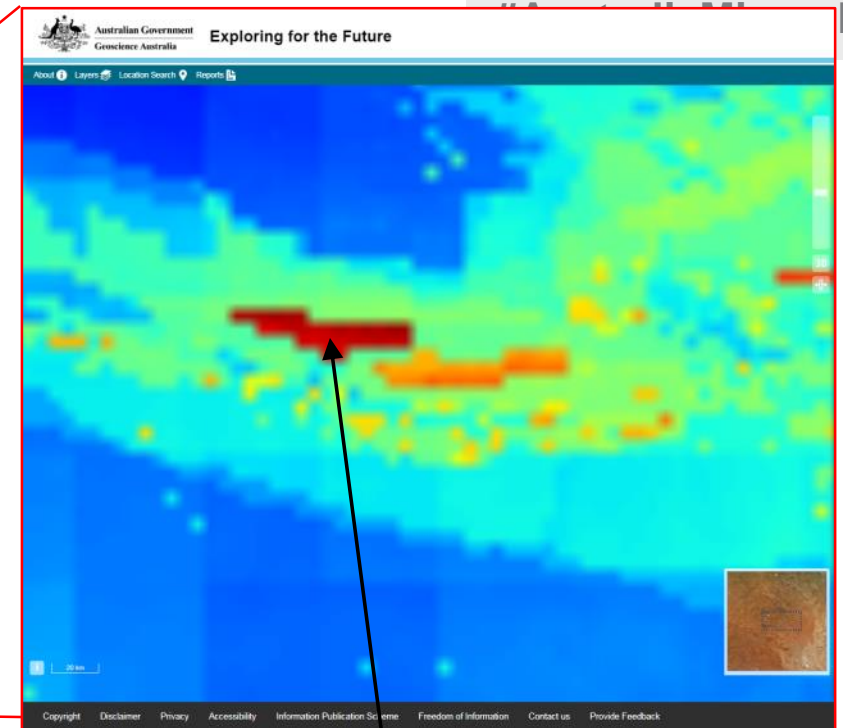
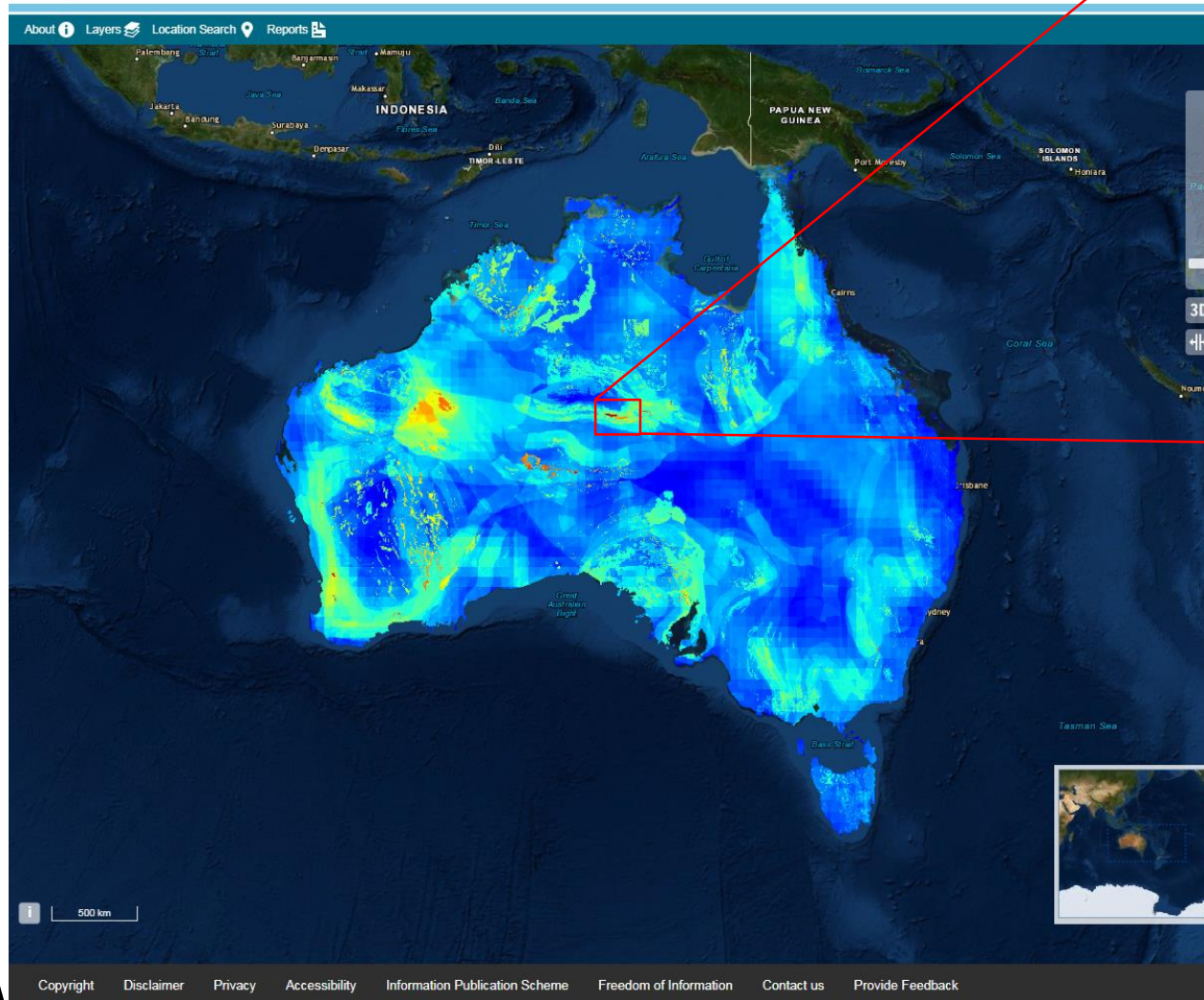
- ☒ Ultramafic or ultramafic-mafic rocks 45%
- ☒ Mafic-ultramafic rocks 28%
- ☒ MgO ≥ 12% from OZCHEM 28%

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1) Project Generation: Mineral Potential Mapper Tool



Project Generation:



DISCLAIMER

- This 'Economic Fairways Tool' (**tool**) is presented by the Commonwealth of Australia represented by Geoscience Australia (**Geoscience Australia**) for the purpose of disseminating material free of charge for the benefit of the public. In particular, this tool makes available material relating to mineral ore deposits in northern Australia.
- However, Geoscience Australia does not guarantee and makes no assurances in relation to the accuracy, reliability, currency or completeness of any material available through this tool. Geoscience Australia accepts no legal liability whatsoever arising from, or connected to, the accuracy, reliability, currency or completeness of any material available through this tool, including the manner in which the material available through this tool is interpreted or used, or the results of such use.
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- The material available through this tool may include the views or recommendations of third parties, which do not necessarily reflect the views of Geoscience Australia.
- Users must exercise their own skill and care with respect to their use of this tool and that users carefully evaluate the accuracy, currency, completeness and relevance of the material available through this tool for their purposes.
- This tool is not a substitute for independent professional advice and users should obtain appropriate professional advice relevant to their particular circumstances before taking any action based on material available through this tool.
- In this disclaimer, except where stated otherwise: '**material**' includes, without limitation, data, algorithms, economic modelling, citations, feasibility assessments, heat maps, estimates or other indicators of cost to mine for an ore body, estimates or other indicators of potential return if an ore body is discovered, dollar values, pricing and conversion rates; and '**material available through this tool**' includes material available through any linked site.

1) Project Generation: Economic Fairways Mapper

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Analytics Assessment Tools

Layers Location Search Reports

Indonesia Papua New Guinea Solomon Islands

Australia

Perth Adelaide Sydney Brisbane

500 km

West (-180) 111 North (90) -8 East (180) 156 South (-90) -45 WGS 84, EPSG:4326

Download Polygon

Depth to the Top of the Ore Body

Ore Body

Tonnage

☒ Tonnage (megatonnes) (Use keyboard arrow keys to slide to a precise range)

Tonnage 10.0 Mt

Dip of the Ore Body

Metal Grade

☒ Nickel Grade (Ni in %)

Grade Ni: 1.5 %

Company Discount Rate

Currency

Metal Price

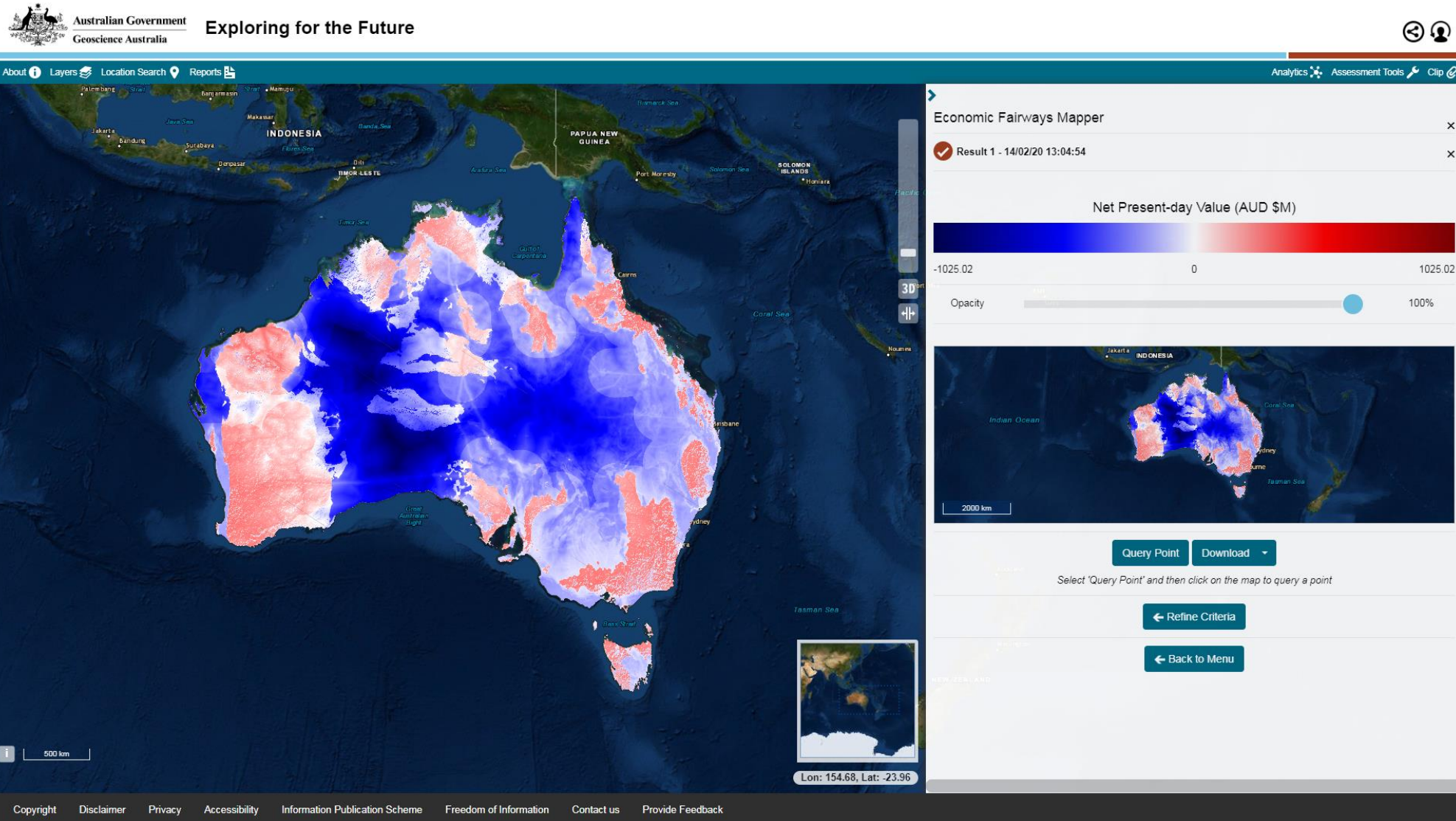
☒ Nickel Price (US\$ per tonne)

Price US\$ 13000

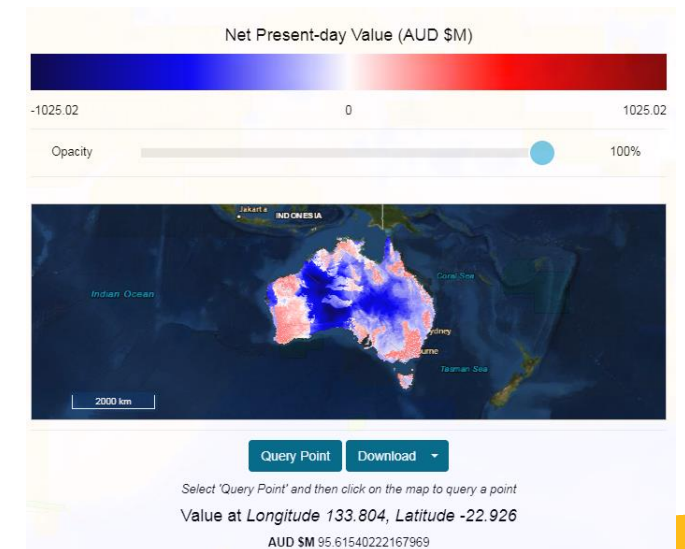
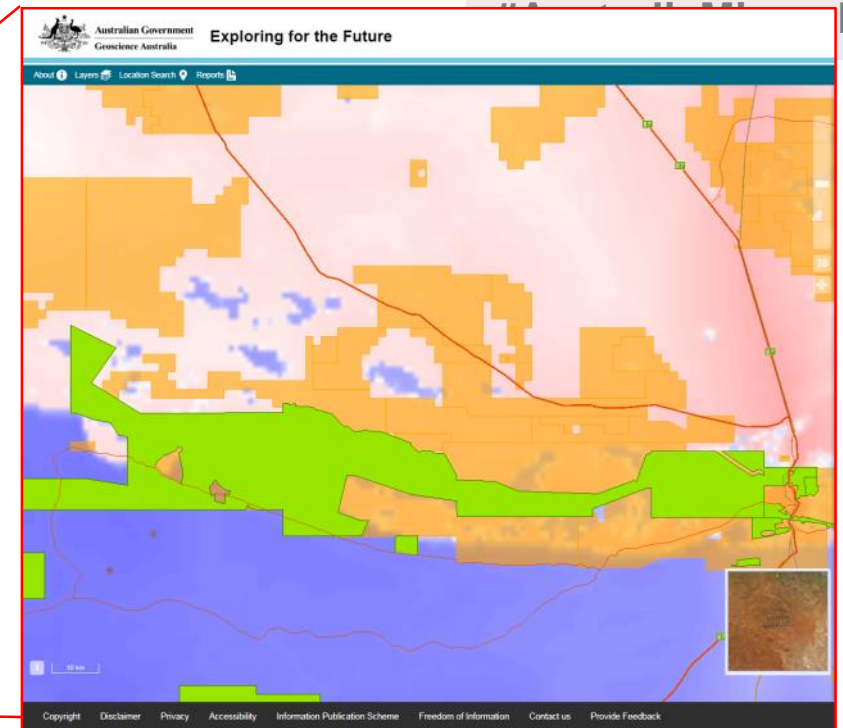
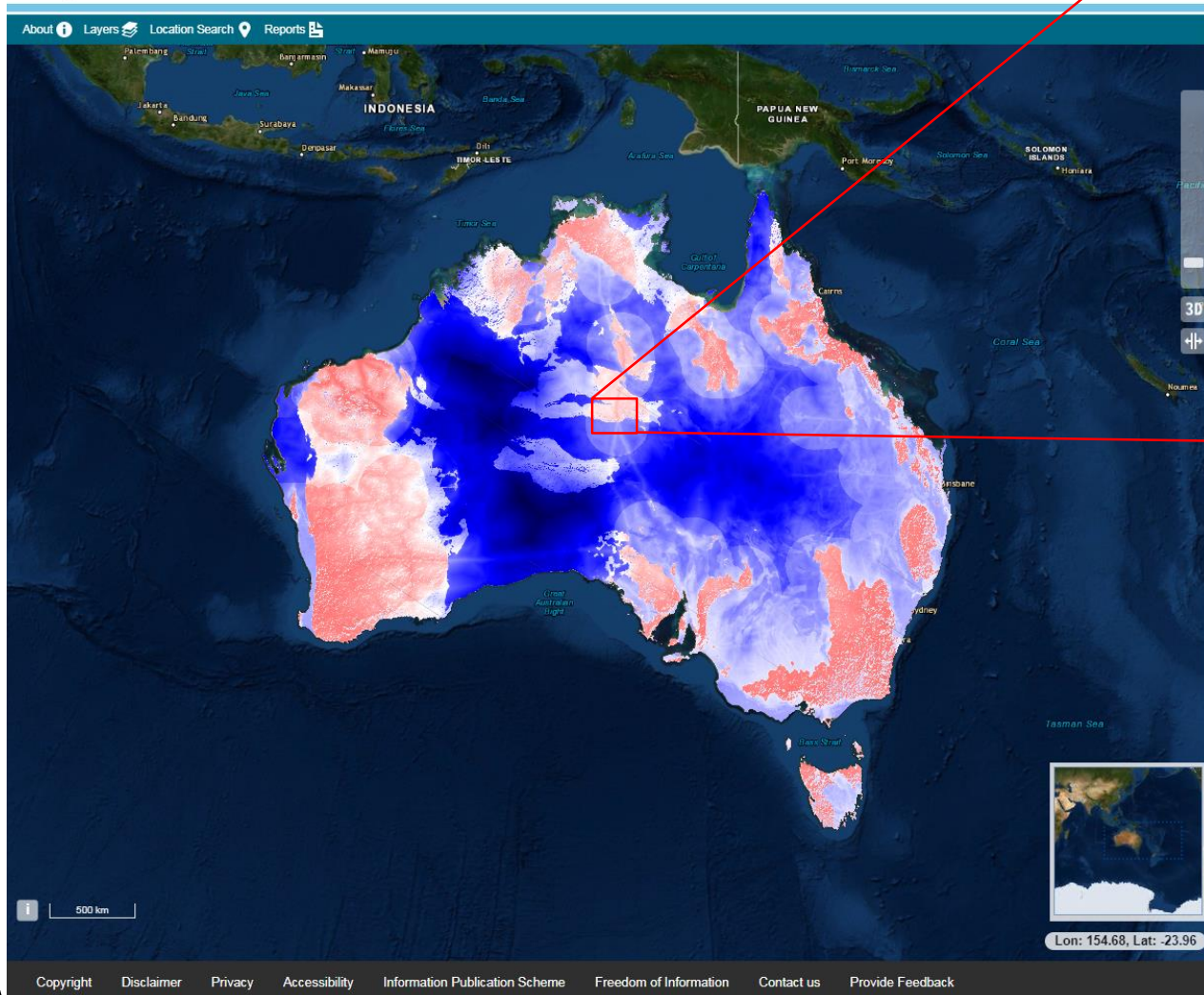
Calculation Mode

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1) Project Generation: Economic Fairways Mapper



1) Project Generation:



2) Exploration: Data discovery & download

Australian Government
Geoscience Australia

Exploring for the Future

Layers Location Search Reports

Boreholes
Elevation and Depth
Estimates of Geophysical and Geological Surfaces
Framework
Geochemistry
Hydrochemistry
Inorganic Geochemistry
Samples

About Legend Filter (off) Fit Extent Remove

Opacity 100%

Style Samples : Lithology Groups

This layer represents the different attributes associated with the analysed samples. These attributes are expressed as different styles that are listed below: a) Sample Locations from where the samples have been obtained. b) The assigned project for which the samples were obtained. c) The analytical technique(s) applied for analysing the samples. d) The lithology of the obtained sample(s). e) The assigned group to which the samples belong. f) The states from the samples were obtained. g) The subsample ID which are assigned to the samples. The Web Map Service is built from WEB_ALL_GEOCHEMISTRY and WEB_FINALISED_GEOCHEMISTRY tables hosted within GEOCHEM schema of oraprod. This service will provide a spatial distribution of the sample attributes as well as provide a spatial distribution of the analytical composition of the samples with respect to major elements, minor elements and rare earth elements.

Copy WMS link to clipboard Download

Technique
Major Elements
Lithophile Tracers
Rare Earth Elements
Ore Trace Elements
Organic Geochemistry - Maceral Group
Organic Geochemistry - Maceral Reflectance
Organic Geochemistry - Natural Gas Composition

CSV
JSON
KML
Shapefile

Direct Download from the Layers Panel

2) Exploration: Data discovery & download

Australian Government
Geoscience Australia

Exploring for the Future

About Layers Location Search Reports

Search ...

Data Packages

Documents

Energy

Exploring for the Future - X-Ray Diffraction (XRD) data release of sedimentary rocks in the South Nicholson Basin and Isa Superbasin, Northern Australia

About | Catalogue | Download

The Exploring for the Future program is an initiative by the Australian Government dedicated to boosting investment in resource exploration in Australia. The four-year program led by Geoscience Australia focusses on northern Australia and parts of South Australia to gather new data and information about the potential mineral, energy and groundwater resources concealed beneath the surface. As part of the Exploring for the Future program, this study aims to improve our understanding of the petroleum resource potential of northern Australia. As a component of this project, collaboration between the Onshore Energy Systems Branch of Geoscience Australia, the Geological Survey of Queensland (GSQ) and Northern Territory Geological Survey (NTGS) is designed to produce pre-competitive information to assist with the evaluation of the petroleum prospectivity of onshore Northern Territory basins. This data release contains X-Ray Diffraction (XRD) data of 600 samples selected from 12 drill cores from the South Nicholson Basin and Isa Superbasin that are housed in GSQ's Brisbane core repository and NTGS's Darwin core repository. These samples covered nine formations: the Mesoproterozoic Mullera Formation (n = 11) and Constance Sandstone (n = 91) of the South Nicholson Basin, in addition to the Paleoproterozoic Lawn Hill Formation (n = 210), Doomadgee Formation (n = 34), Termite Range Formation (n = 36), Riversleigh Siltstone (n = 96), Mount Les Siltstone (n = 32), Lady Loretta Formation (n = 3) and the Walford Dolostone (n = 66) of the Isa Superbasin. This data was generated at the Inorganic Geochemistry Laboratory at Geoscience Australia as part of the Exploring for the Future (EFTF) program. The results demonstrated that 23 different minerals were identified in the entire region. Out of these minerals there were seven dominant minerals: quartz, kaolinite, microcline, muscovite, dolomite, calcite and siderite. These dominant mineral components were highly variable between all formations analysed in this study, demonstrating the utility of high resolution XRD to determine mineral compositions and variability through sedimentary successions. This publicly available dataset is provided in preparation for future work to generate statistics quantifying the spatial distribution and composition of sedimentary rocks, providing information to de-risk resource decision making and investment of northern Australian basins.

Factsheets

Journal Papers

Videos

Access to Reports, Presentations and Data Packages

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2) Exploration: Data discovery & download (Clip-Zip-Ship)

Australian Government
Geoscience Australia Exploring for the Future

Analytics Assessment Tools Clip

About Layers Location Search Reports

3D

South Australia

Lake Gardner

Ceduna

Whyalla

50 km

(GADDs)

<input type="radio"/>	Geophysical Archive Data Delivery System (GADDs)	Total Magnetic Intensity (TMI) grid of Andamooka - Stuart Shelf, SA, 1979 (79SA12) (74pd) survey (mSA0764N)	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Geophysical Archive Data Delivery System (GADDs)	Total Magnetic Intensity (TMI) grid of Andamooka - Stuart Shelf, SA, 1979 (79SA12) (74pd) survey (mSA0764S)	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Geophysical Archive Data Delivery System (GADDs)	Total Magnetic Intensity (TMI) grid of Andamooka, Torrens, SA, 1962 survey (mSA0234)	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Geophysical Archive Data Delivery System (GADDs)	Total Magnetic Intensity (TMI) grid of Andamooka, Torrens, SA, 1962 survey (mSA0234A)	

First Previous 1 2 3 4 5 Next Last

Format: (Mandatory *)
ERMapper (.ers)

Projection: *
EPSG:4283 - GDA94

Resampling method: *
cubicspline

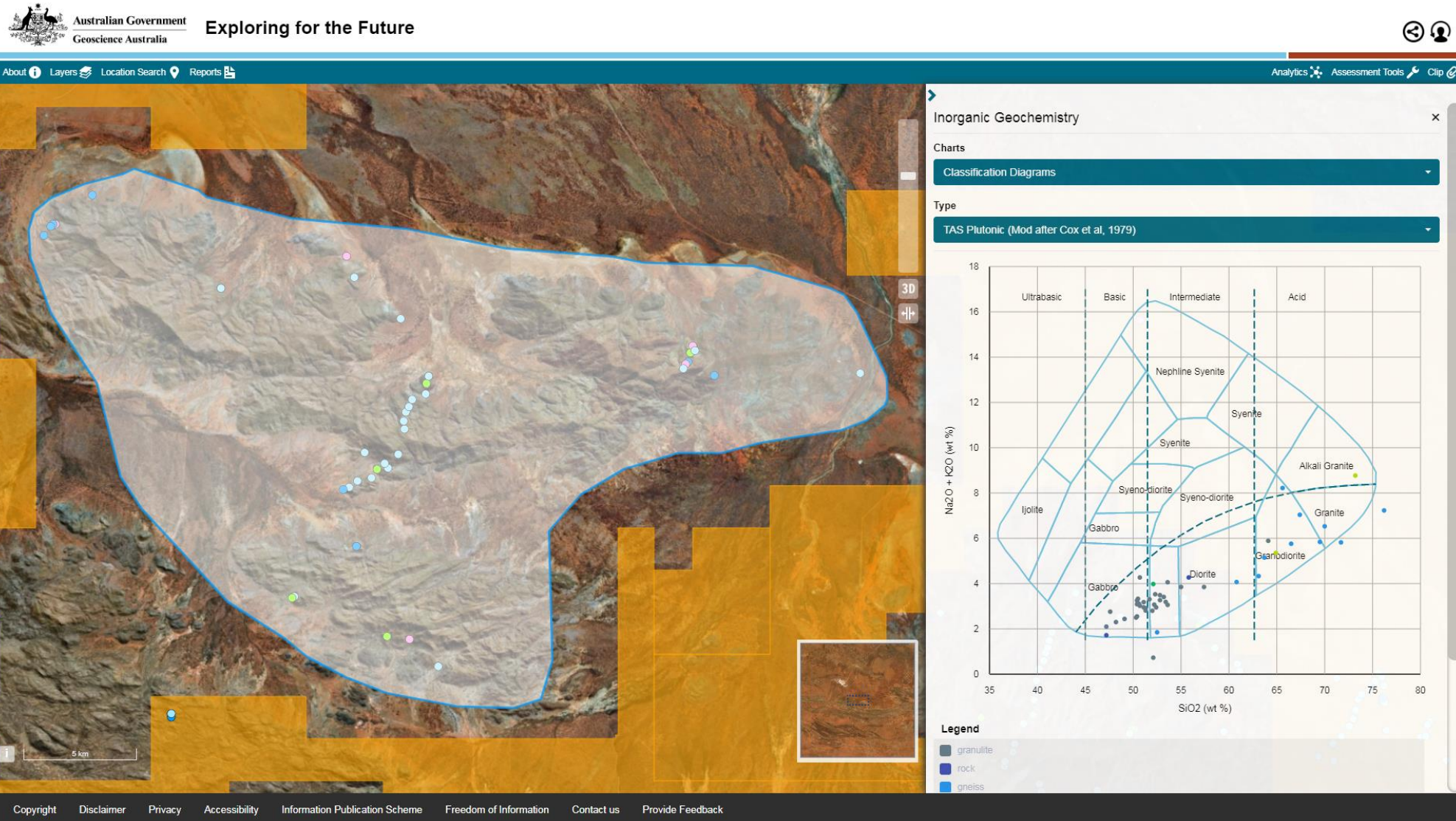
Email: *
your.name@email.com

Download

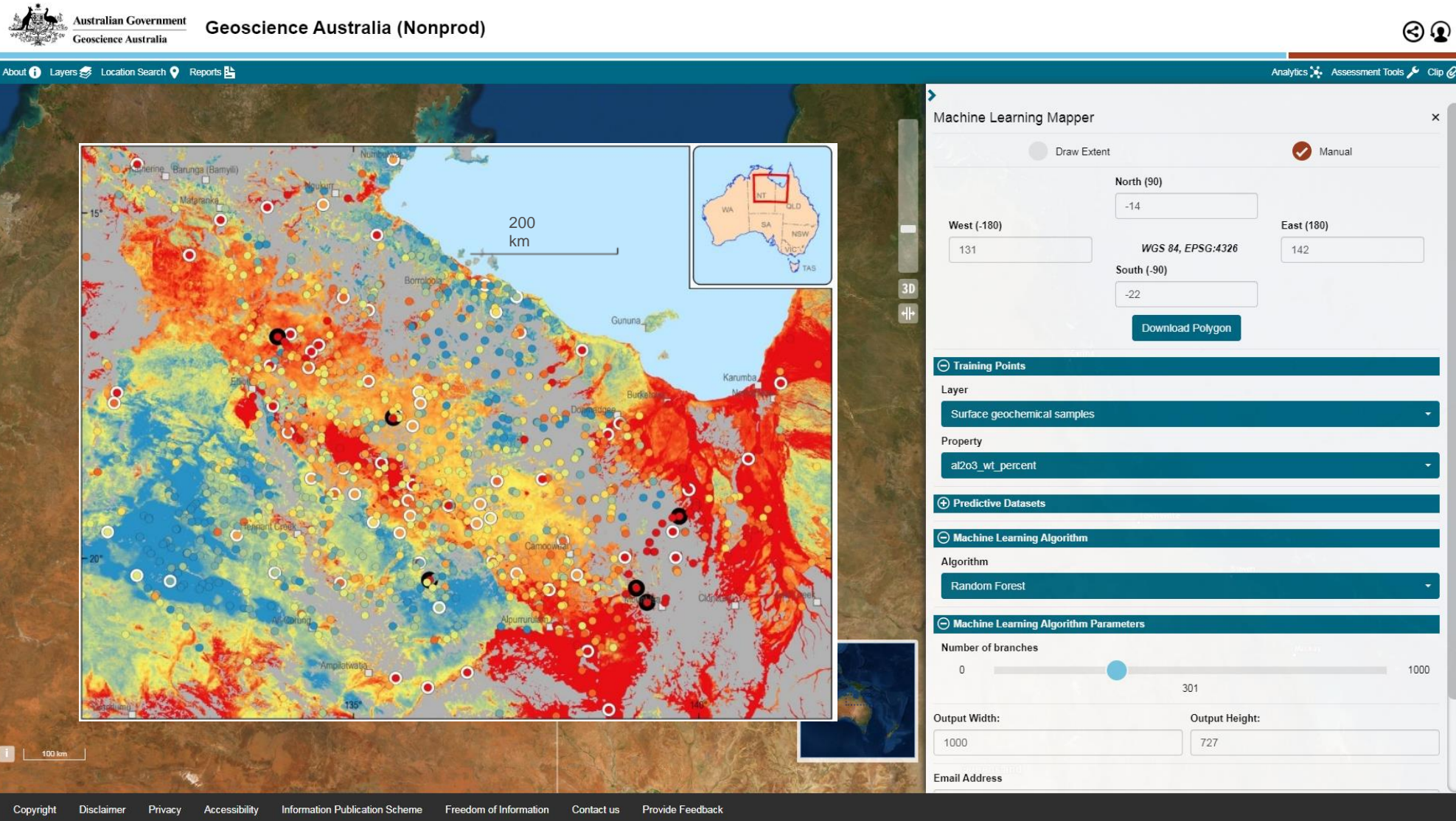
Refine Criteria

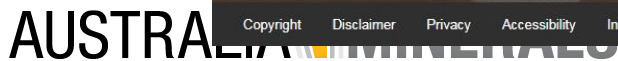
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2) Exploration: Analytical Tools (Inorganic geochemistry)

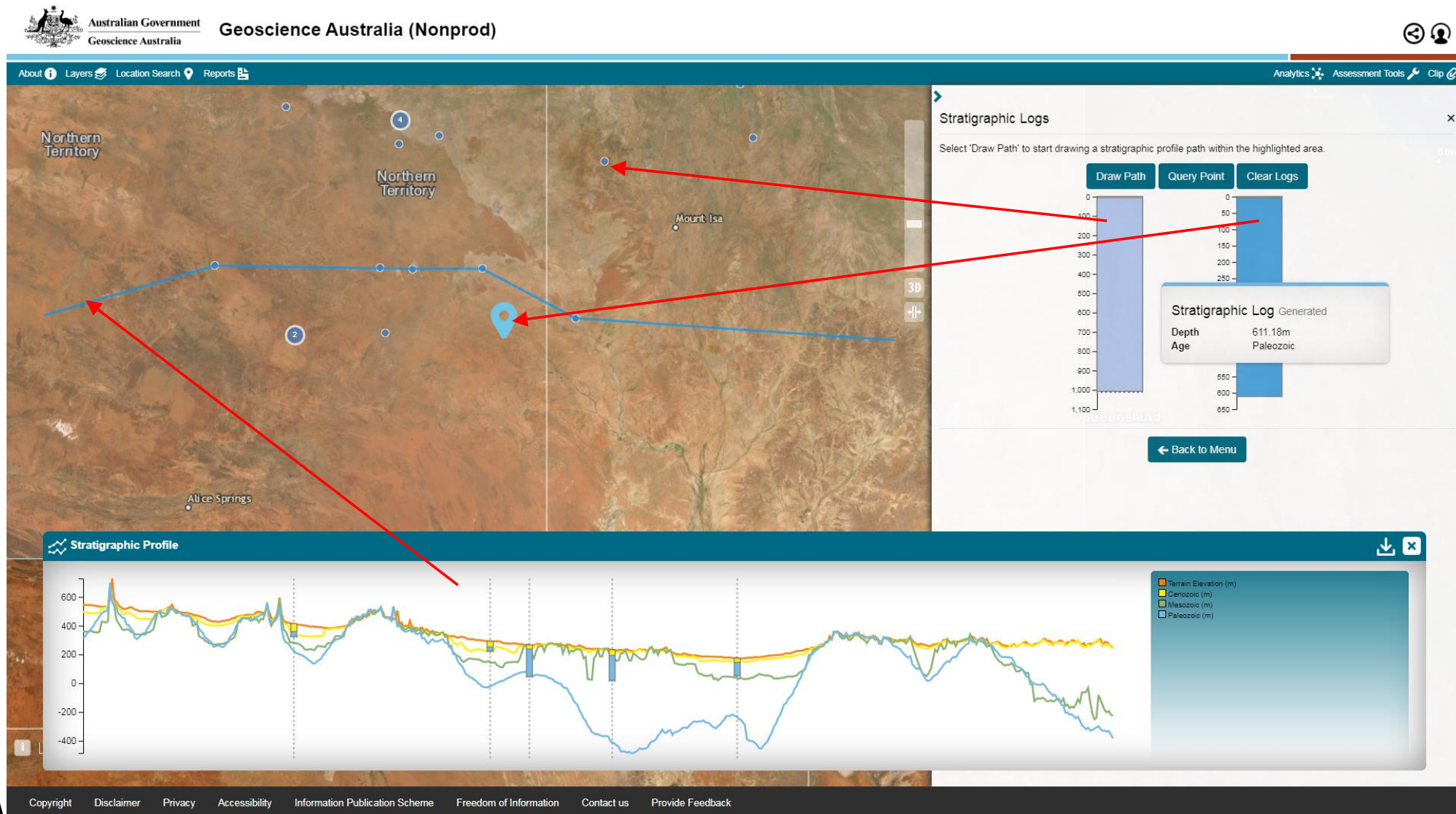


2) Exploration: Data Processing (Machine Learning)

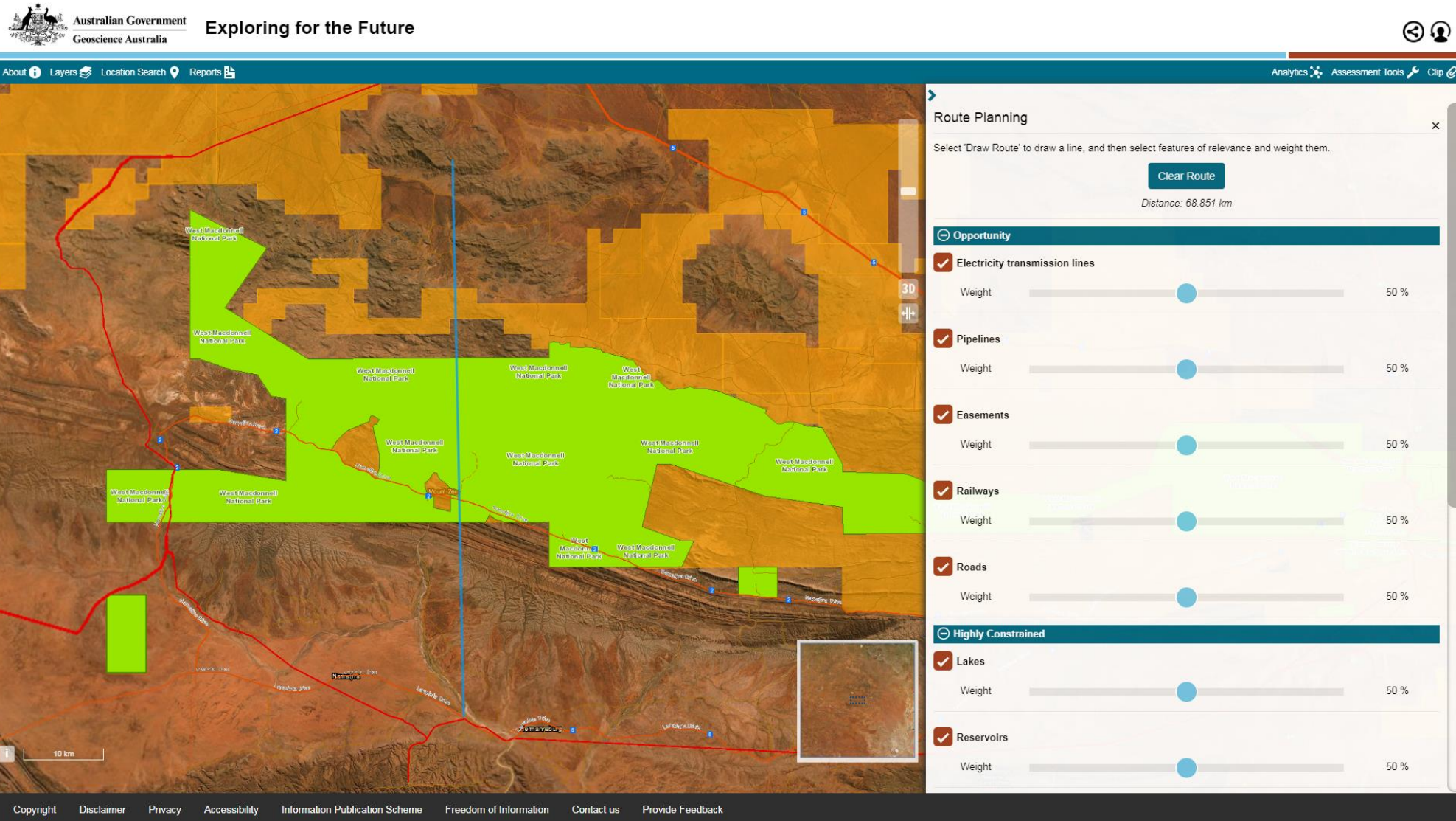




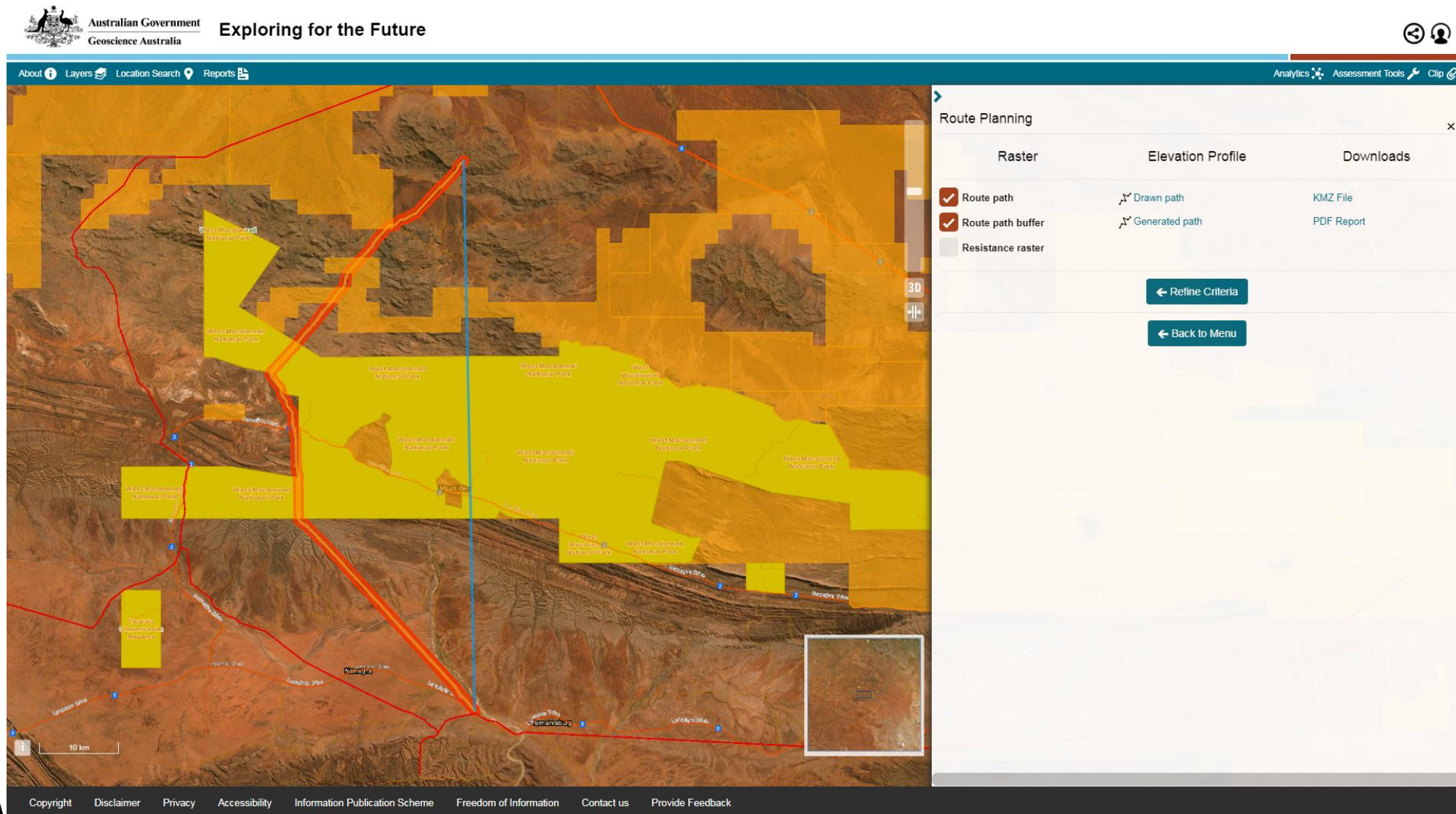
2) Exploration: Planning drill program (virtual bore hole)



3) Feasibility: Route and infrastructure planning



3) Feasibility: Route and infrastructure planning



3) Feasibility: Exposure risk & social report

Australian Government
Geoscience Australia Exploring for the Future

Analytics Assessment Tools Clip

Exposure Report

Report Name: (Mandatory *)
New Mine

Report Type: *
No Event/Incident

Exposure Themes: *

- ☒ Select all
- ☒ Agriculture
- ☒ Building
- ☒ Business
- ☒ Environment
- ☒ Infrastructure
- ☒ Institution

Area of Interest: *

☐ Box ☐ Circle ☐ Polygon ☒ Freehand

Clear

Click and hold to start drawing, hold button down until drawing is complete.

Area of Interest Source: *

New Mine

Email Address: *

your.name@email.com

Clear Create Report

← Back to Menu

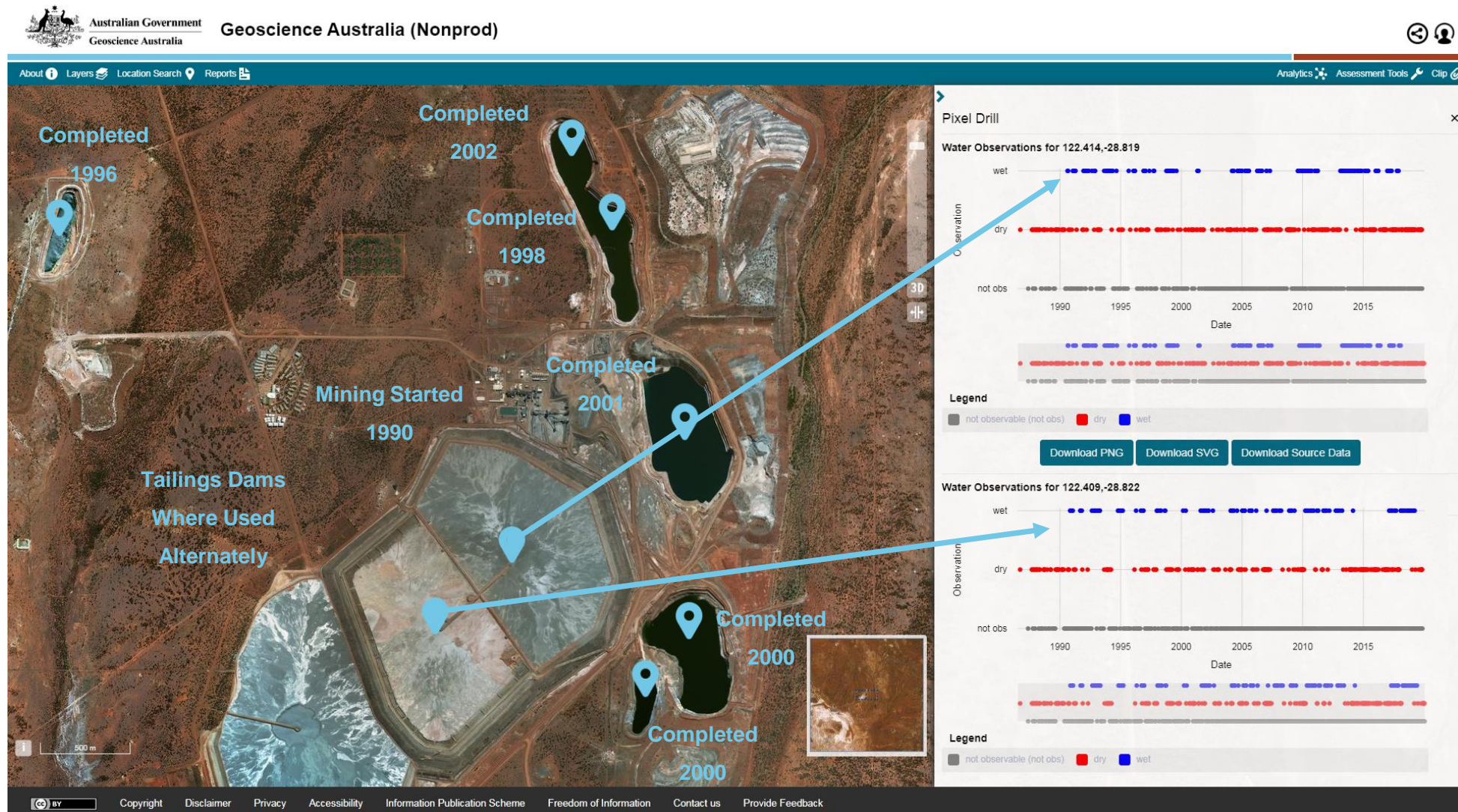
5 km

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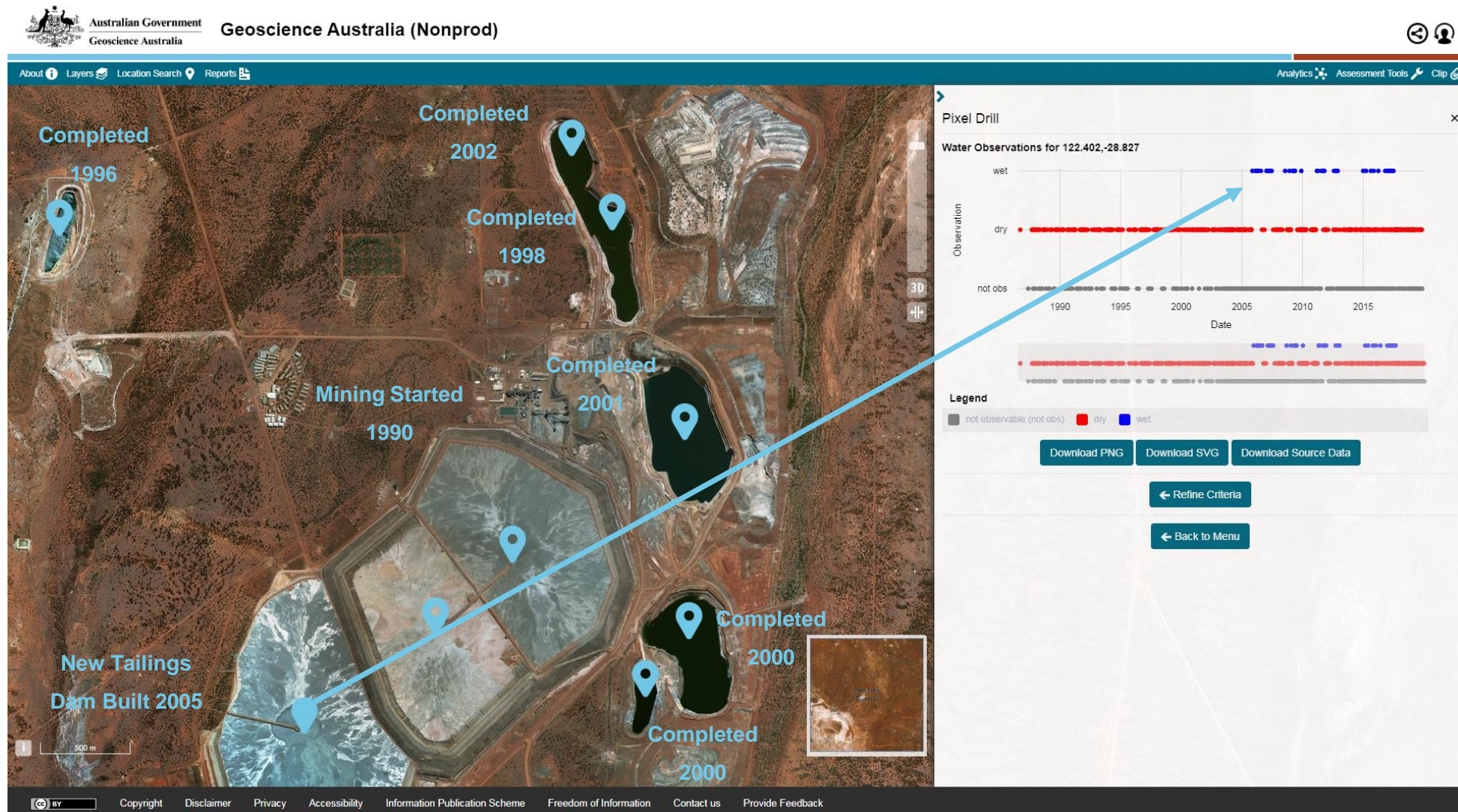
AUSTRALIA RECONSTRUCTION VALUE

Business Exposure, ABR 2018			
Number of businesses	-	Number of Registered Charity Organisations:	
Accommodation and Food Services	-		
Administrative and Support Services	-	Number of Primary Producers ^a	-
Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	-	Agriculture and Fishing Support Services	-
Arts and Recreation Services	-	Aquaculture	-
Construction	-	Dairy Cattle Farming	-
Education and Training	-	Deer Farming	-
Electricity, Gas, Water and Waste Services	-	Fishing	-
Financial and Insurance Services	-	Forestry and Logging	-
Health Care and Social Services	-	Forestry Support Services	-

4) Mine monitoring and rehabilitation



4) Mine monitoring and rehabilitation



Take home messages

- Australia a highly favourable investment destination (Fraser Institute)
- We have the geology, the data and frameworks
- From data to decisions..... www.portal.ga.gov.au
- Economics + ESG + cultural - bottom line capability
- World-first portal that makes the world's best pre-competitive information even better

Australia Minerals

www.australiaminerals.gov.au



Thank you for your interest in Australia

Join us at the Booth (Trade Show South), or
Australia Day (Tuesday morning *206B MTCC North Building*),
for demos or just a chat

AUSTRALIA MINERALS

REALISE THE OPPORTUNITY

New South Wales
Resource stewardship for a
high-tech future



Planning,
Industry &
Environment

Acknowledgement

On behalf of the Division of Resources & Geoscience,

I acknowledge that we meet today on land that is the traditional territory of many nations including the Chippewa, the Haudenosaunee and the Wendat peoples, and is now home to many diverse First Nations, Inuit and Métis peoples.

I also acknowledge the many Aboriginal First Nations people in NSW on whose lands we live and work, and of whose lands I will be speaking today.

Agenda

- A bit about New South Wales (NSW)
- The Future of Minerals in NSW
- NSW – your next exploration destination
- Questions

NSW overview

Not only the country's most populated state, it's
also **Australia's best economic performer**



Population

- Sydney — 5.1 m
- Total NSW — 7.9 m
- Australia — 24.7 m



Economy

- 2.9% growth
- AAA credit rating
- 95.4% employment



Foreign investment

NSW accounted for
44% of total greenfield
FDI projects into
Australia from 2013-18



Infrastructure

A\$87.2 billion
government investment
from 2017-2021



Future of Minerals in NSW

- Our mineral resources supporting the modern world by:
 - responsible sourcing
 - increasing exploration potential
 - opening new frontiers for traditional and critical metals



Renewable energy



**Gear powered
wind technologies**



**Direct drive
wind technology**



**Crystalline silicon
solar technology**



**Copper indium
solar technology**



**Cadmium Telluride
solar technology**



**Lead acid batteries
technology**



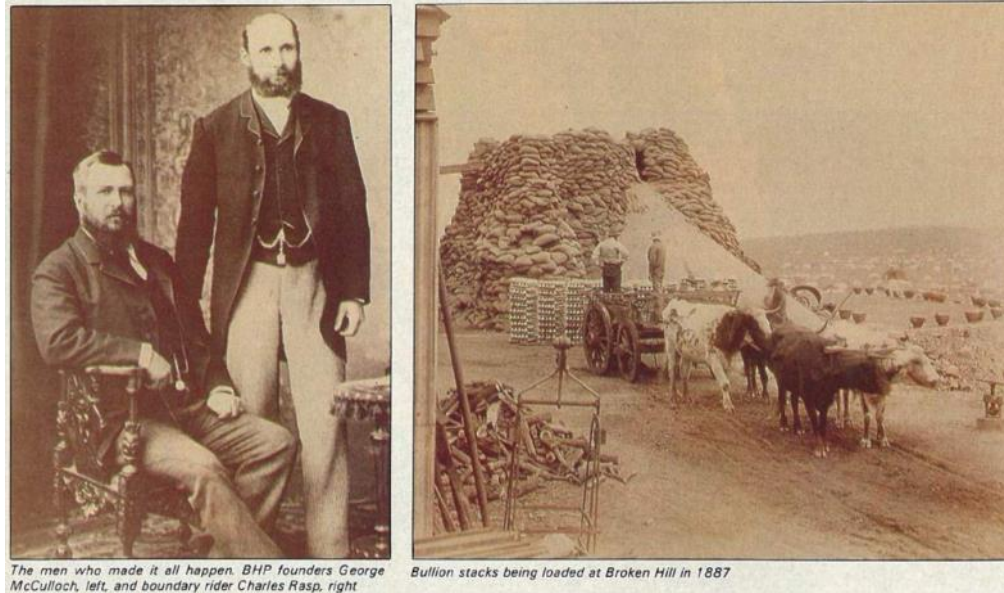
**Amorphous silicon
solar technology**



**Lithium ion batteries
technology**



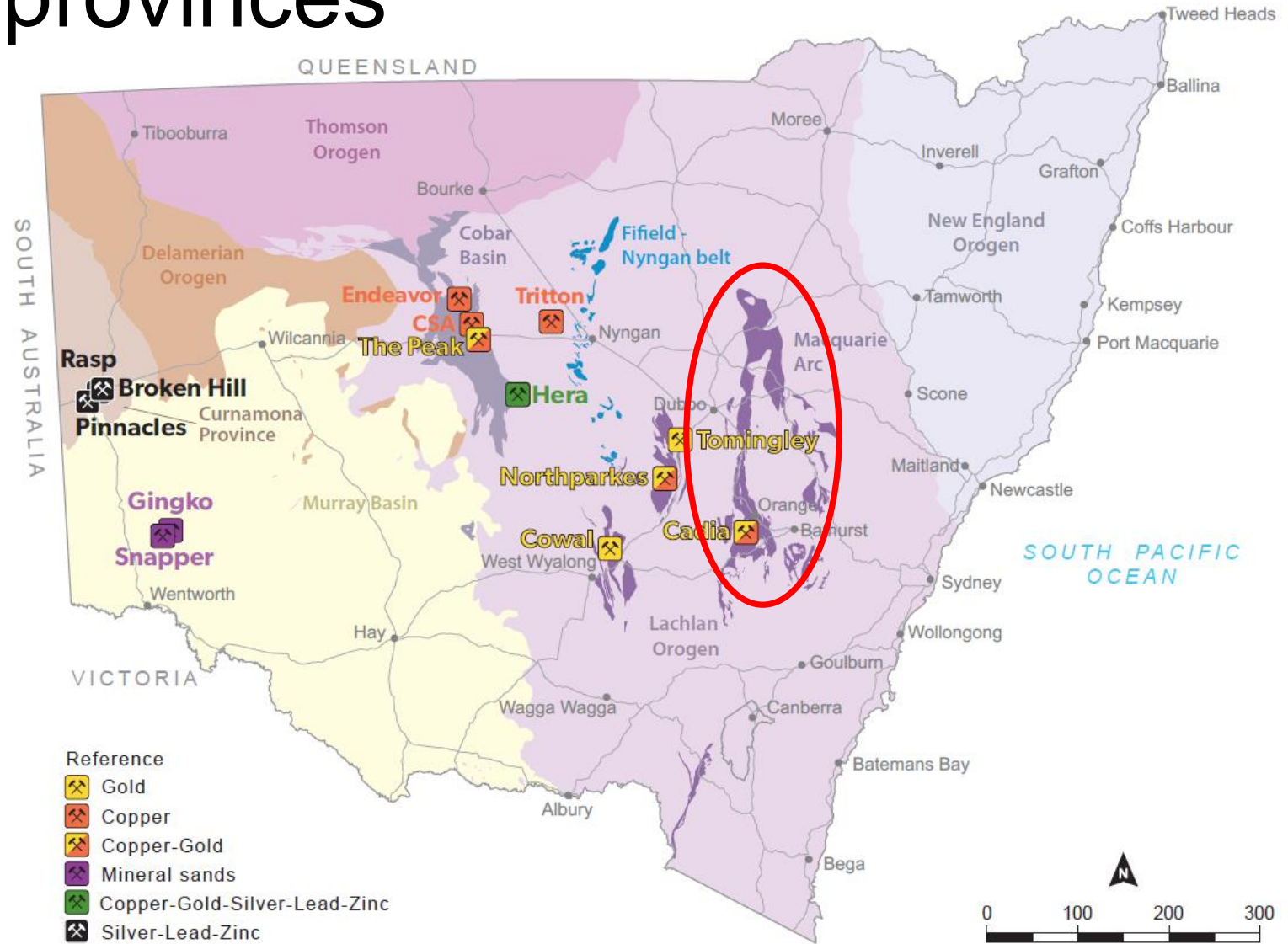
NSW's long history of mining



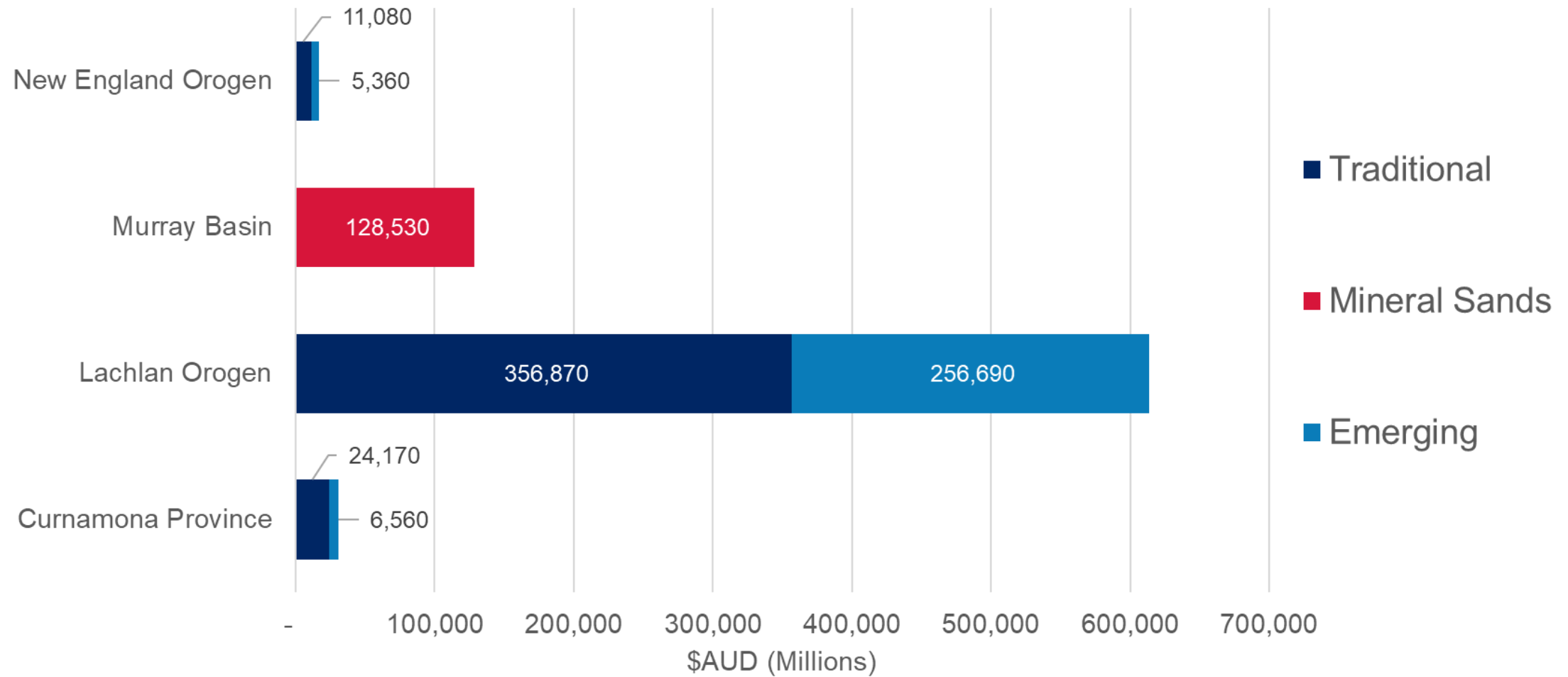
NSW's share of mineral exploration in Australia since 2010 has more than doubled from 5.3% to 11.7% in 2019



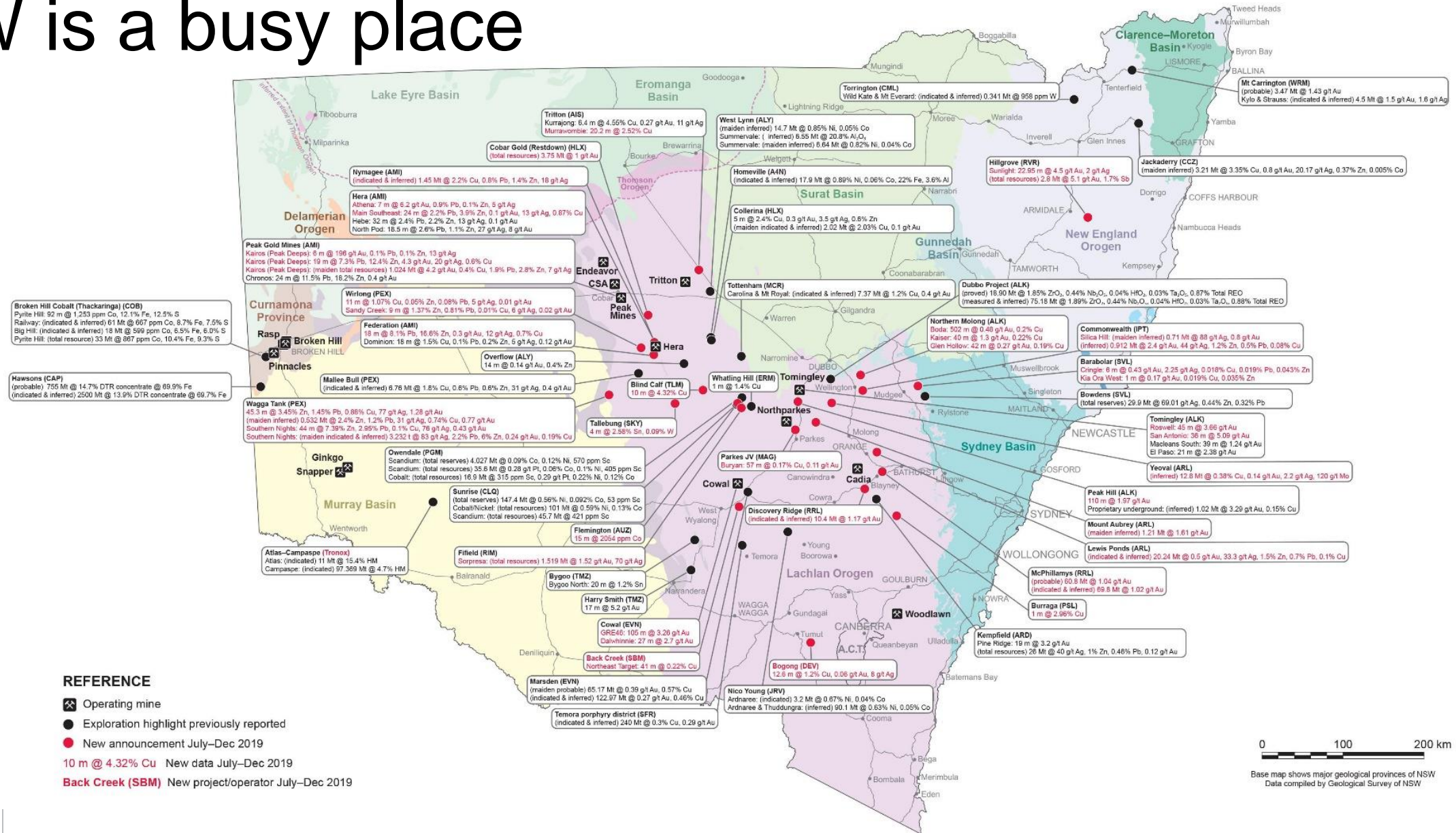
NSW mineral provinces



Value in the ground



NSW is a busy place



Attracting explorers to NSW

Seamless Geology Project

MinView

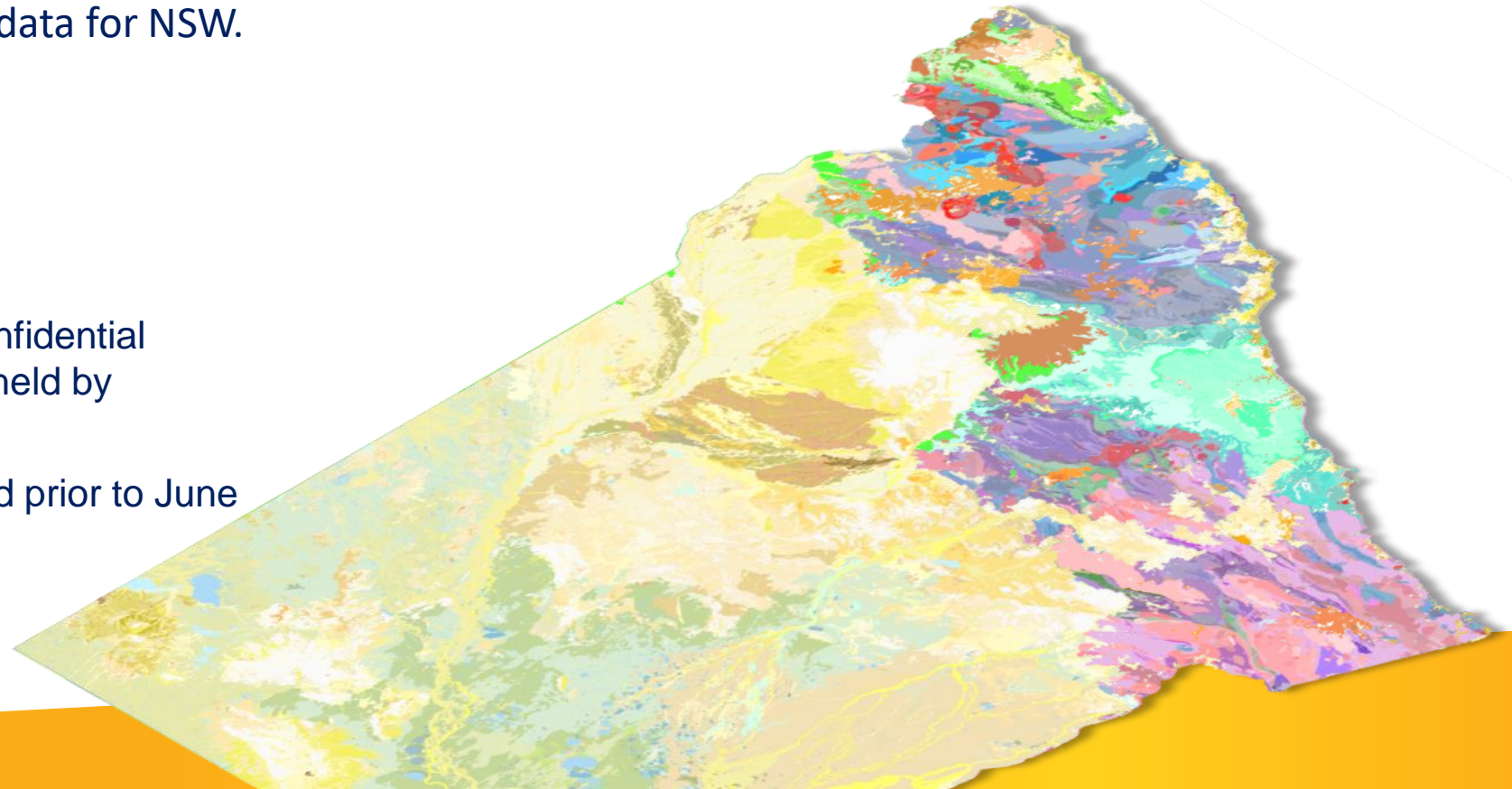
MINVIEW - web mapping application providing free access to view, search and download a comprehensive range of geoscientific data for NSW.

DiGS

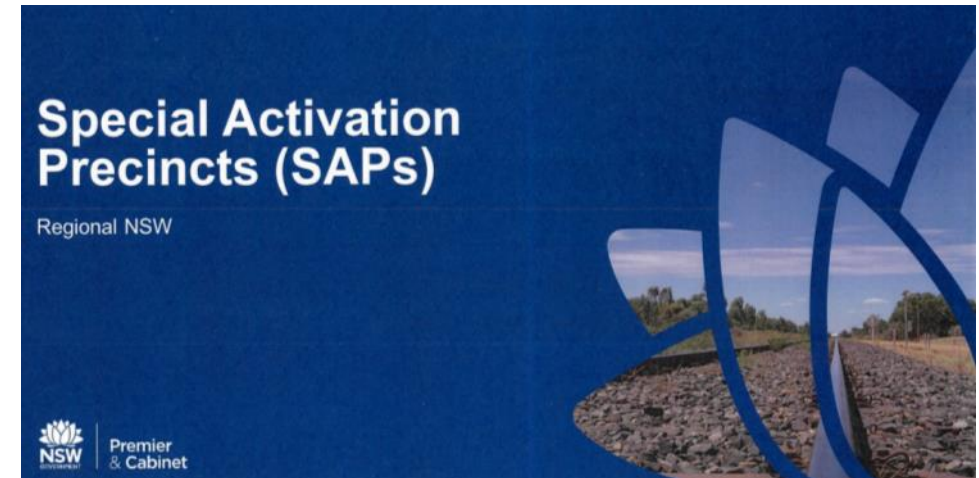
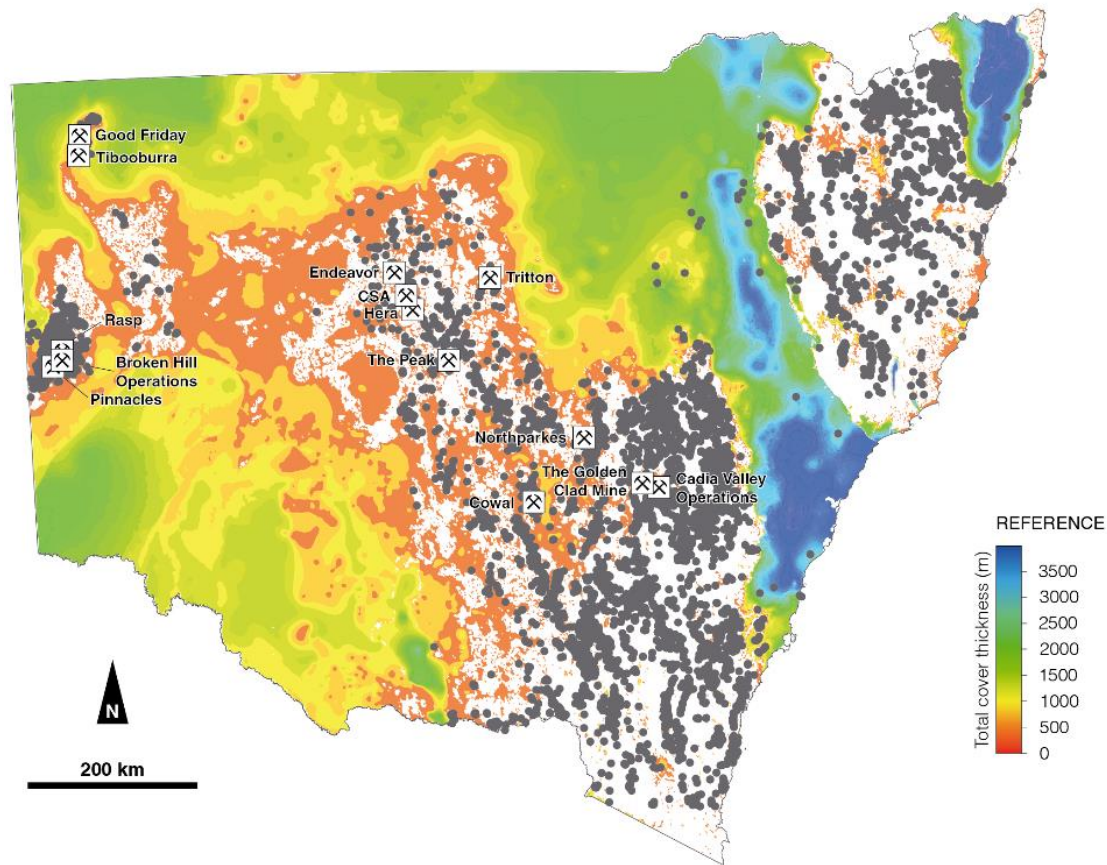
DIGS - public, online archive

Provides access to over 140,000 non-confidential reports and other documentary material held by the NSW government.

Confidential exploration reports submitted prior to June 2016 will be made public in June 2021.



Demonstrated support for mining



Vision:

Our mineral and petroleum resources generating prosperity for the people of NSW

Michael Wright

Deputy Secretary, NSW Division of Resources and Geoscience

Michael.wright@planning.nsw.gov.au